Weather
Clear weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 68.7 and the minimum 46.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 53.4 and 40.6.

The China Press
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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PEI YANG STUDENT REVOLT AIMED AT AMERICANS THERE

Trouble Started By Men Recently Transferred From Peking

PRESIDENT GONE

Malcontents Raid His Home And Then Parade Through Campus

POLITICAL MOVE

Strikers Demand Removal Of All Americans On Teaching Staff

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, Nov. 8.—A serious situation has developed at Pei Yang University, near Tientsin, as a result of objections raised by a small group of engineering students against one of the American members of the faculty.

Last week three civil engineering classes that have been transferred from the Peking Government University to Pei Yang refused to attend further the classes held by one of the American professors on the ground that he was incompetent and, in their opinion, not polite to them. This action was based upon observation of this professor at only six lectures, the viewpoint held by the striking group of students differing radically from that of the students of long standing at the university, who have been satisfied with this particular professor's work during the past two years.

STRIKERS ORGANISE

To enforce the rules of the university President Chao Tien-lin, with the approval of the entire faculty, informed the striking classes that they would be debarred from attending all lectures until such time as they consented to return to the courses given by the professor to whom they objected. This action only angered the strikers, however, and they organised resistance to the decision of the faculty, persuading a considerable number of their fellow students to join the movement.

The situation developed so rapidly and with such serious possibilities that President Chao, with the consent of the Ministry of Education at Peking, and with the knowledge of his faculty, decided yesterday to issue an ultimatum to the strikers giving them two days in which to return to classes or be dismissed from the university. This ultimatum was to have been discussed at a faculty meeting at noon today, but was never delivered, as President Chao and his wife left the university campus for Tientsin early this morning and have not yet returned.

MOVEMENT SERIOUS

The students got wind of the impending ultimatum yesterday afternoon and paid a visit en masse to the President's house last evening. Mr. Chao was not at home, but the students none the less forced their way into the house and later paraded around the campus vowing that they would take vengeance on those who might dare to dismiss them from college.

The movement of the students has become particularly serious in that, while originally directed against but one member of the foreign faculty, it is now out for scalps of the entire American staff with the exception of one man. Bulletins have been written and hung up on the school noticeboards accusing the members of the faculty of incompetence on various grounds, the agitators ignoring the fact that the men whom they are attacking are educators of long and high standing in this country, many of them being, indeed, scholars of distinguished literary and professional attainments.

The real source of the trouble lies in the students who have just gone to Pei Yang University from the Peking Government University under the agreement which provides that Pei Yang shall henceforth take over all engineering work, while Peking is to confine itself to law, economics and kindred subjects. The Peking men, not nearly as well prepared for their work as the PeiYang men, have all along been afraid that they would fail in their examinations at the latter institution, where the standards of scholar-

(Continued on Page 8)

Omaha Executive Who Had Narrow Escape From Death At Hands Of Mob

Mayor E. P. Smith, of Omaha, who was critically ill in a hospital in that city as a result of the attempt to lynch him when a mob stormed and burned the city prison to get a negro. Mayor Smith made several unsuccessful attempts to save the negro's life, when he himself was seized by the infuriated mob. After being dragged through the streets a rope was put around his neck and thrown over the support of a trolley pole. Twice the Mayor was dragged from the ground before the police rescued him.

COALITION GOVERNMENT FORMED IN HUNGARY

Present Premier Reported To Have Assented To Request To Quit Post

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 10.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Deutsche (formerly Norddeutsche) Allgemeine Zeitung states that the different Hungarian parties have at length found a formula of agreement for the formation of a Coalition Government. Dr. Friedrich, the present Premier, is reported to have agreed to resign at the instance of the different political leaders.

Resolution Of Thanks Passed At Wellington

Appreciation Of Treatment Accorded To Troops Is Expressed

(*Reuter's Service*)

Wellington, N.Z. Nov. 5.—Both Houses of Parliament today passed a unanimous resolution expressing the people's deep appreciation of the many kindnesses, courtesies and privileges extended to New Zealand soldiers in various parts of the world, also their gratitude to the Imperial and Allied navies for keeping the sea open during the war and for the services rendered by the New Zealand contingent, and sympathy for the next of kin of the fallen.

Belgian Alliance Opposed By Holland

Government Deprecates Talk At Paris About Revision Of Treaties Of 1839

(*Reuter's Service*)

The Hague, Nov. 5.—Replying to the report of the Budget Committee of the Second Chamber of the States General the Netherlands Government declares that it never considered itself free to conclude a military alliance with Belgium and that the general desire of deputies for an assurance that such an alliance will not be concluded confirms its attitude.

The Government deprecated discussion of the negotiations in Paris with regard to a revision of the treaties of 1839 pending a definite result. The Government declares that prudence renders a considerable reduction of Holland's defence forces impossible at present. The Government adds that no offer to purchase some small colonies in the West Indies has been received from the United States.

CANTON DENIES REPORT OF JAPANESE LOANS

Story Of Deals Said To Have Been Made In Southwest Declared False

Bulletin No. 90 from the Canton Intelligence Bureau and dated November 7 says: "Recent reports that the Constitutionalist Government of the southwestern provinces have contracted loans with Japan or purchased arms and munitions from Japan are entirely without foundation. An official denial has been issued.

"It may be added that the officials of the Constitutionalist Government are at a loss to account for the origin of the canard. There is a suspicion, however, that as it emanated originally from the north, those who have actually committed those same acts have accused others in order to cover up their own sins."

SITUATION IN SYRIA SAID TO BE SERIOUS

Crisis May Develop Due To British Evacuation Which Is Proceeding

(*Reuter's Service*)

Cairo, November 5.—A serious situation is developing in Syria owing to the British evacuation which according to program will be completed by November 12.

The Hedjaz authorities are threatening to resign and disclaim responsibility for the future on the ground that the British have hitherto limited the size of the Emir Fetsul's army. A further disquieting factor is the possibility of an understanding between the Arabs and Turkish nationalists who are known to be negotiating.

Big Gain Recorded In American Exports

Total For First 8 Months Of Year Over $5,000,000,000, It Is Reported

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, November 6.—The United States exports for the first eight months of 1919 amounted to over $5,000,000,000, representing a big advance on previous similar periods.

Discount Rate Lifted By Bank Of England

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Nov. 6.—The Bank of England rate of discount was raised today from five to six percent.

Washington Denies Mine Strike Demand

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, No. 5.—The assistant attorney-general declared that the Government had refused to withdraw the federal injunction against the strike leaders on the ground that the strike violated the law. The mine workers representatives state that the refusal means a prolonged struggle.

Arbitration Clause Is Dropped In New British Strike Bill

Details Of Measure Stated On Second Reading In House Of Commons

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, November 6.—In the House of Commons today Sir Robert Horne, Minister of Labor, moved the second reading of the Industrial Disputes Bill, the features of which are the provision for a permanent Industrial Court of Inquiry and the dropping of compulsory arbitration existing under the present act.

The Bill also provides for the continuance of war time rates of wages. Employers objected to the clause in the present act empowering workmen to compel employers to accept arbitration in wages disputes, and abide by the decision, whereas there was no corresponding compulsion on workers to abide by the decision. Labor objected to being made the subject of compulsory arbitration. Hence it has been dropped.

Sir Robert Horne, however, defended Labor against the suggestion that its objection was because it desired to evade the awards. He pointed out that during the last eleven months the Interim Court of Arbitration had decided 863 cases and only in three had there been a strike against an award. Moreover, he declared, compulsion had largely failed in Australia and Canada because, in his opinion, people were not ready for it.

The House passed the second reading of the Industrial Court bill today.

SIX MILLIONS GOLD BROUGHT ON CHINA

Huge Shipment Of Bullion And Big Cargo Left Here By Steamer

More than six million dollars gold in bullion were landed in Shanghai yesterday from the China Mail Steamship Company's steamer China. The shipment consisted of 3,259 bars of silver; 99 boxes of silver pesos and 43 bars of gold. The silver is valued at $4,199,458.90 and the gold at $1,969,011.93.

In addition to the specie shipment, 430 tons of general cargo were brought to this port and the first shipment of Christmas mail from America.

There were 240 sacks of mail matter for the American Post Office, including between 10,000 and 15,000 letters.

Among the passengers, of whom there were 70 for Shanghai, was Dr. S. I. Woodbridge of the China Christian Intelligencer and Mrs. Woodbridge.

BRITISH ECONOMISTS IN SESSION IN LONDON

Sir George Paish Says Europe Has Never Been Menaced As At Present

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, November 6.—The "fight the famine" council comprising British and European economic experts are holding a meeting in London at the present time to consider measures of alleviation.

The first public session was held at the Caxton Hall when Sir George Paish declared that Europe had never been so menaced as at the present moment. Poverty in Germany was so great that there might be an explosion at any moment which might destroy not only Germany but France, Italy and Great Britain. The way to restore France was to restore Germany.

Another danger was that the world's credit would break down as the credit of Europe was breaking down today. The meeting passed a resolution urging the Government immediately to take whatever steps the situation demanded.

Torture Of Korean Girls By Japanese Revealed By Lady In Amazing Story

Missionary Returns To City With Startling Tale Of Brutal Treatment of School Girls By Police, Gendarmes And Soldiers

Cruelties and indignities to which Korean young girls have been subjected by the Japanese as a result of the students demonstrations for independence have been revealed to THE CHINA PRESS by a lady missionary who has returned to Shanghai after making a thorough and painstaking investigation of the situation in Korea. The lady's name, for obvious reasons, must be withheld but her standing is such that the authenticity of her statements and of the documents she holds is not to be questioned.

An amazing and appalling condition of affairs, unequalled since the Dark Ages, exsists in Korea today according to the report made by the missionary. Young girls of highest moral character and of exceptional attainments have been thrown into prison, subjected to unspeakable indignities and, in some instances, so frightfully mistreated that they are now mental and physical wrecks.

But, the lady avers, the spirit of independence has taken such a firm grip on the hearts of the oppressed people that they offer themselves willingly as martyrs on the altar of freedom, and, most marvelous of all, seem to have wholly lost their former abject fear of the gendarmes and soldiers. Unarmed but unafraid, she says, now, for the first time since their nation was seized by the Japanese, the Koreans are voicing their prayer for freedom and hurling their defiance into the teeth of their armed militaristic oppressors.

CONCEALING THE TRUTH

On the authority of high Japanese officials, she shows that reports accrediting missionaries and other Christians with having instigated the demonstrations are without foundation on face and charges that they were merely propaganda of the Japanese in an attempt to conceal the truth that the whole nation has arisen in a demand for independence.

Documents presented by the missionary include transcripts of court proceedings in the police hearings given the girl students who, against the advice and urgent counsel of their instructors, left government and other schools to parade the streets, wave Korean flags and shout for freedom. They tell of beatings and "spankings," in which the girl victim of torture is stripped of clothing, tied face downward on a cross-shaped rack and flogged with bamboo staves wrapped with hempen twine. And the picture of horror, worse even than that of the Spanish Inquisition, is painted in slashing strokes with descriptions of prisoners suspended by cords tied to their fingers, bamboo splinters driven into the flesh between the joints of the fingers, arms and legs, of limbs twisted out of their natural position and sufferers compelled to stand for hours in a painful pose.

These, and many more forms of torture, the missionary describes as penalties inflicted on Koreans whose only offense was a protest against the enslavement of their nation. Some of the allegations are unbelievable.

Telling of the imprisonment and abuse of the girl students, the missionary said:

UNMENTIONABLE TORTURES

"These girls, Korean Christian young women, teachers and high school students who in an outburst of patriotic fervor unwisely left their schools against the protests of teachers to shout 'Long Live Korea, Independence forever!' or perhaps wave a Korean flag, engaged in a movement similar to the Shanghai students strike. They were just about as naive, exuberant and unsophisticated as their Chinese sisters.

"I saw a number of them while in Chosen, pretty, loveable, innocent high school girls who could, perhaps, write an English essay, play an easy Beethoven sonata, sing in the choir or lead a Christian Endeavor meeting.

"Yet these victims of overenthusiastic patriotism suffered most abominable, unmentionable tortures at the hands of brutal Japanese gendarmes and soldiers. Is it any wonder that one pastor's daughter became insane as a climax of the torture?

"One girl, Mary——I shall call her, is one of the most cultured young women in Korea. Here is a transcript of what was said at her trial:

Judge: For how long have you been thinking about independence for Korea?

Mary: The desire for independence has always been in my heart.

Judge: Why do you consider it necessary for the women to associate themselves with the men in the independence movement.

Mary: In this world, all that has been successfully accomplished has been by the working in harmony of both men and women. Just as the making of a small home requires the united action (co-operation) of both husband and wife, even so the successful building of a nation also demands the combined labors of both men and women.

Judge: What is your reason for believing that independence is essential?

Mary: I am a Korean. That in itself is every reason why I should desire independence for my country.

Judge: What do you think about annexation and the policy of the Japanese government?

Mary: Korea ought never to have been annexed to Japan. With regard to the Government, you have not ruled impartially but have shown discrimination between Koreans and Japanese. Japan has treated us just as Germany treated her colonies.

Judge: On what power are you depending to obtain your independence? Are you depending upon American power or the power of militarism?

Mary: I am trusting in God. I do not depend upon American power or the power of militarism.

Because of her patriotic ardor reflected in her dignified answers to the judge, Mary has suffered frightfully.

The Spirit Of One Girl Patriot

THE true spirit of Korea's women, whether educated or illiterate, is revealed in the excerpts below from the court record of the trial of Mary——, described by the missionary lady who has enabled THE CHINA PRESS to expose some of the brutality of the Japanese authorities in Korea as a lovable, innocent, high school girl. Merely because in an outburst of patriotic fervor Mary and other Korean Christian Students shouted on the streets: "Long live Korea, independence forever," they were arrested by the Japanese police, subjected to indescribable indignities and in may cases publicly spanked. From the court record:

Judge: For how long have you been thinking about independence for Korea?

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CHANCELLOR FORECASTS CUTS IN BRITISH TAX

Excess Profits Levies To Go, He Says, But Will Have To Be Replaced

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, November 5.—Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at the Guildhall today said that the excess profits tax should go at the earliest moment but it must be replaced by some other equitable tax.

Taxation must be readjusted. If expenditure increased, taxation must be increased and the new taxation, if imposed, must be such as would reduce the floating debt.

CZECHO-SLOVAK AIM IS PEACEFUL REFORM

Outline Of Policy Is Given By President Addressing National Assembly

(*Reuter's Service*)

Prague, November 5.—President Masaryk, speaking at the Czecho-Slovak National Assembly declared that the watchword of their new republic was far-reaching social reforms without bloodshed.

He had been through and observed closely the Bolshevik revolution. Lenin called Bolshevism true Marxism, but it was much more revolutionary anarchism or syndicalism than socialism.

"Lenin and his followers," "he said, "represent the economic and social primitivism of the illiterate Russian mujik. I consider as a matter of principle that Bolshevik communism is an impossibility."

President Poincare Departs For England

Purpose To Return Visit Of King George; Pichon Is Member Of Party

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 10.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—President Poincare desired before the end of his Presidency to return the King of England's visit to French soil, thus testifying to His Majesty and to the noble English people the inalterable affection of France.

President and Madame Poincare left Paris last night, accompanied by M. Stephen Pichon, Minister for Foreign Affairs. The Presidential party was seen off at the station by a number of prominent personages.

PERSIAN SHAH SPEAKS ON PACT WITH BRITAIN

Believes It Will Strengthen Traditional Friendship Of Two Nations

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, November 5.—Speaking at a banquet in his honor at Manchester, the Shah of Persia said that the recent Anglo-Persian agreement, while strengthening the traditional friendship of the two nations should furnish a wide field for the development of their future commercial relations.

Certain obstacles which hitherto had prevented the free exchange of commerce had disappeared and the moment was favorable for Persia to regain her ancient position as a great mart for Eastern and Western trade.

The Shah was convinced that Persia would play her part as member of the League of Nations in the common cause.

New Australian Law Aimed At Profiteers

Maximum Fine Of £500 Or One Year's Imprisonment Fixed As Penalty In Measure

(*Reuter's Service*)

Melbourne, November 5.—The Victoria House of Assembly has passed the anti-profiteering bill providing for a maximum fine of £500 or one year's imprisonment in the case of an individual offender and a maximum fine of £2,000 in the case of a corporation.

HENRY MORRISS DIES AT HOME IN ENGLAND

Former Resident Of Shanghai Passes Away At Age Of Seventy-Six Years

Mr. Henry Morriss, for many years a prominent member of the British colony in Shanghai, died at his home at Framfield, Stonebridge, Sussex, England, on Nov. 5. News of his death was received here yesterday by his eldest son, Mr. H. E. Morriss, 118 Pere Robert.

Mr. Morriss, who was 76 years of age, is survived by Mrs. Morriss, six sons and two daughters. His youngest son, Jack, was killed in the great war.

Coming to Shanghai in 1866, Mr. Morriss engaged in exchange brokerage, a business in which he has been followed by his eldest son. He retired in 1905 and returned to his home in England.

While in the Orient Mr. Morriss was prominent in the activities of sportsmen as well as in financial and commercial circles. He was a patron of the races and maintained an excellent stable.

GERMANS AT RIGA ARE NOW MENACED BY LETT FORCES

Capture Of Position In Their Rear May Cut Off Retreat

LIBAU ATTACKED

Drive Against City By Teutons Reported To Copenhagen

JUDENITCH LOSING

News Of His Defeat In March On Petrograd Is Confirmed

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 10.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—A Copenhagen message states:

In the Riga sector, the Lett troops have taken the station of Pupe, in the rear of the German forces, thus threatening to cut off the German retreat by the Riga-Mitau road and the Thorensberg railway. On the Kreuzberg-Mitau railway fighting has taken place near Dandsevas. Some German detachments were completely annihilated. Without waiting for artillery support the Lett troops charged the enemy with fixed bayonets.

Paris, November 10.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—According to the latest northwest Russian communique General Judenitch has continued to retreat, abandoning the station of Weimara.

Letts Repulse Attack Of Germans On Libau

(*Reuter's Service*)

Copenhagen, Nov. 5.—The Lettish Press Bureau learns from Libau that German troops, presumably those of Colonel Bermondt, supported by artillery and armored trains, strongly attacked Libau yesterday but were repulsed by the Lettish troops at Libau supported by British artillery.

The Lettish positions were bombarded throughout the day and a fresh and violent offensive was launched in the evening, but was repulsed with heavy loss.

JUDENITCH DEFEATED

London, November 6.—While the Bolshevist claim to have surrounded General Judenitch's army is unconfirmed, it is at least certain that General Judenitch has been badly defeated at the very gates of Petrograd and that the menace of envelopment has not yet been averted.

Thus Reuter's forecast on October 20, when the Judenitch communiques were confident of victory, that the immediate fall of Petrograd was unlikely, is substantiated.

The reasons of his failure to advance were explained on October 20, when it was stated that General Judenitch's dash on Petrograd was carried out with light forces and that after advancing very rapidly at the outset he was compelled to halt to wait for supplies and reinforcements.

But the immediate cause of General Judenitch's general retreat was the Bolshevist capture of Luga on the Petrograd-Pskoff railway threatening his rear, as any delay in retirement would have endangered his communications and perhaps the existence of his whole army.

The War Office yesterday evening announced that General Judenitch's left was still in touch with the right of the Esthonians operating in the Gulf of Finland, where they are holding their original line. General Judenitch who got as far as within four miles of Petrograd is now 12 miles from the capital.

Experts express the view that any fresh offensive against Petrograd must be supported by an attack from the north.

General Denikin in a wireless message announces that he has secured 55,000 prisoners and many guns and machine-guns in the last ten days.

Explanation Offered For Kolchak's Retreat

London, Nov. 6.—It is semi-officially stated that Kolchak's army's retirement is due to the fact that the Bolshevists have been reinforced. They have captured Petropaviovsk and crossed the river Ishime. Kolchak's center has fallen back to within thirty miles of the Ishime and his right has withdrawn twenty-five miles west of the town of Ishime and continues to retreat. The Bol-

bolshevists claim to have taken two thousand prisoners.

On the contrary, the Bolshevist advance east of Tobolsk has apparently been brought to a standstill.

The position on the Russian south front has but little changed. The Bolshevists continue to reinforce this front and are clearly concentrating all their efforts in order to stem General Denikin's advance before the winter.

REPORTS FROM OMSK

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Omsk, November 10.—General headquarters reports: "Our troops after bitter fighting retired and now occupy a position in the sector west of the villages of Ekaterininskde and Tavricheskde. In the direction of the Ichime our troops occupy the sector of Karasukakde. In the direction of Petropavldvsk our troops are counter-attacking the enemy east of the village of Ekaterininskde.

November 9.—General headquarters reports: "In the direction of Ichime our troops have withdrawn under the enemy's pressure. Near the village of Pelevina our cavalry attacked an enemy column and captured a convoy with equipment and telephone apparatus. In the direction of Petropavlovsk, north of the railway, we occupy the line Lobrajia station—Roslavka village. Along the railway and south of it we occupy the region of Ioilkuiblagoveschenka, Bakuy and Kolterek."

November 8.—General headquarters reports: "Our troops after bitter fighting have retired on the whole front."

The Supreme Ruler is expected shortly to issue an order summoning the National Congress. The number of members nominated by the Supreme ruler must not exceed one third of the total. The Minister of the Interior has been instructed to draft regulations for the election of members within one month.

Commons Holds Debate On Russian Policy

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—A debate on British policy towards Russia opened in the House of Commons today on an amendment to the vote of credit proposed by Colonel Wedgewood to reduce the supplementary army estimates by £15,000,000 appropriated for assistance to Generals Denikin and Judenitch.

Colonel Wedgewood denounced great Britain's Russian policy, and asked why Great Britain was bearing the whole burden of the expense of the campaigns against the Bolshevists. Colonel Ward (Labor) declared that it would have been dishonorable after we had organised the Russians for our own purpose to have said to them that when peace came "there is now no Western front, good-bye."

Colonel Ward declared that every Britisher calling himself a democrat ought to support Admiral Kolchak, and that Great Britain should continue assisting him.

Colonel Malone, who has just returned from Bolshevist Russia said that he was not enamored of Bolshevism, but that he had been impressed with the amount of reconstruction which the Soviet was carrying on. He expressed the opinion that peace with the Soviet Government was at the present time within the scope of practicable statesmanship.

Other speakers recently back from the Baltic Provinces defended the Finnish soldiers and said that they were gallant, disciplined and orderly. They worshipped General Mannerheim, "a humane and cultured gentleman," who commanded the approval and support of all the best elements in Finland.

Mr. Winston Churchill, Secretary of State for War, replying pointed out the insuperable difficulties experienced by all the great countries as regards furnishing a clear cut on Russian policy.

He expressed the opinion that Japan alone perhaps knew exactly what she wanted. The position of the great countries was that they had not declared war against the Soviet and were not waging war with all forces but their troops were engaged in hostilities wherever they were in contact with the Bolshevists.

All the Allies were in this bewildering quandary, yet we held on to the principle that Russia must be saved by her own manhood. Some said let Russia stew in her own juice. He dissented from this view, because then either the Bolshevists would try to stew us in her juice, or reactionary Russia would stew in German juice.

POINTS TO FUTURE

Mr. Churchill pointed out that Great Britain's future influence in Russia depended upon the present measures of moral and material assistance accorded to her. It was idle to believe we could now wash our hands of Russia and subsequently hope to influence her future destiny and development. All our actions in this connection, he said, had been taken in harmony with the other great powers. The ideal of the Bolshevists was a world-wide proletarian revolution. They openly despised "such mere commonplaces as nationality and patriotism." Therefore the Bolshevists never could represent Russia and they themselves disclaimed such representation. During 1919 we spent on Russia £46,500,000 but it was not a question of profit and loss but of right and duty.

Mr. Churchill drew attention to the fact that there were two factors of immense consequence to Great Britian arising out of the British policy of helping Russia; Firstly the League of Nations had assumed responsibility for the protection of the series of little states stretching from the Baltic to the Black Sea. Secondly we retained a friendly influence upon Russia and would fully exert that influence to mitigate the ferocity of Bolshevism and secure the protection of the Jews. We would use it in the event of the victory of our efforts to secure as far as possible the establishment of a broad democratic system of Government and also to prevent Russia throwing herself into the hands of Germany.

Colonel Wedgwood's motion was rejected by 251 votes to 50.

Replying to the query, had the Bolsheviki captured Omsk, Mr. Winston Churchill, in the House of Commons today, said that the latest information showed that they were not within a hundred miles of Omsk. He pointed out that the Bolsheviki on this front had regained about two thirds of the ground they had lost since August 28 but that Omsk was a long way further back, and from Omsk to the Sea was 3,554 miles. The strategic and political situation consequently was not how much ground was ceded but how many Bolsheviki could be held on this front. Mr. Churchill expressed the opinion that the Siberian armies would maintain a steady front, continuing to hold large numbers of the enemy. This was the vital factor, for important developments were occurring much nearer the heart of Bolshevism.

Clashes Of Russians Reported To Peking

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, Nov. 9.—The Tuchun of Chinese Turkestan has telegraphed to Peking that there has been heavy fighting between Russian White and Red Guards near Chinese territory and that the Whites, who were routed in the battle, attempted to save themselves by entering Chinese territory. He adds that he has sent considerable forces to the frontier to prevent further incursions of this kind and that he is doing his best to maintain China's neutrality but needs more troops for the work.

To this message the Government has replied instructing the Tuchun to take every possible measure to prevent Russians of either side from entering Chinese soil under arms. China, the Government says, has no troops to spare for him, but it is hoped that his men will be adequate to keep out the apparently disorganised White and Red bands that have from time to time raided Chinese territory.

'B' CO. RIFLE MEETING TO BEGIN ON SATURDAY

Program For Events Made Up By Committee In Charge Of Contests

Annual rifle meeting of "B" Company (British) S.V.C. will begin at 6:30 o'clock next Saturday morning with events for the Musketry Committee, N.C.O.'s and Sunday objectors.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the whole company will commence events 617. This is to be followed by a match between R.N. and P.C. teams if a sufficient number of men are in port to make it possible. In the event of failure of this match there will be pool shooting and other impromptu events. The Company will commence events 1-5 at 8 o'clock Sunday morning and at noon will be photographed. Tiffin will be served at 12:30 o'clock and at 2 o'clock the contestants will be on the mounds. At 3:30 o'clock the final, the Hospital Cup, will be shot off and at 4 o'clock tea will be served. At 4:30 o'clock Mrs. T. E. Trueman will distribute the prizes.

Drawing for ladies' prizes will be on Friday.

Gift Made To Oxford By Rhodes Estate

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 8.—The trustees of the late Mr. Cecil Rhodes have presented £20,000 to Oxford University for a professorship for the advancement of Roman and Dutch law.

EXCHANGE ROCKETS

Up again boys. Everybody on a Mex. basis got another substantial raise yesterday. Exchange hit 147 on the official slip and leaped to 150 before you could get to the bank with the slip. For those who prefer to purchase sterling, a tael was worth seven bob and then some. At that it may go higher for the market closed firm.

Commons Discussing Naturalisation Law

Views Concerning Amendments Are Awaited In London From Dominions.

Replying to Sir John Butcher in the House of Commons today, Major J. L. Baird stated that the representatives of the Dominions had not yet expressed their views with regard to the amendment of the naturalisation laws.

Replying to the suggestion that representatives of the Dominions should be requested to reply as early as possible in order that a bill might be introduced early next session, Major Baird said he was not sure that that would meet the case, as the matter depended upon the deliberations of the Committee established by the Imperial Conference.

New Daily Paper Launched At Osaka

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, November 11.—A new daily paper the Taisho Nichi Nichi will be issued in Osaka on November 25 with a capital of 2,000,000 yen. The managing director, Baron Yoshiro Fujimura, is a member of the House of Peers and was formerly head of the Shanghai Branch of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

In connection with the present boom in company promoting, it is notable that new capital issues this year up to the end of September amounted to over 2,000,000,000 yen while for the same period in 1915 they amounted to 176,000,000 yen.

SALE AT UNION CHURCH

Proceeds this year from the Union Church Ladies Society sale will go to aid limbless soldiers and sailors. The sale will be held on December 6 in the Union Church hall, beginning at three o'clock. Articles made by the ladies in the past few years have contributed substantially to Shanghai's war charities and have been a feature each winter.

BRITAIN'S MEAT SUPPLY IS HELD TO BE AMPLE

Statements Made In Recent Address Are Answered By Importers' Society

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—The society of meat importers has issued a statement criticising Mr. McCurdy's speech of October 28 in which he stated that the situation was full of menace, and gave statistics showing that Great Britain required to import 1,000,000 tons of meat in 1920, and the rest of Europe 3,000,000 tons, while the total exportable surpluses in Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and South America only amounted to 1,210,000 tons.

The society's statement points out that before the war Great Britain depended on supplies from Australasia and Argentina whose export capacity actually increased during the war. Moreover, new sources now include Brazil, Venezuela, South Africa and China.

The Government has been providing the British farmer with a huge subsidy out of the big profits on imported meat. Home livestock, the statement continues has not been appreciably reduced during war time.

The world has a prospective exportable meat surplus, exclusive of pig meat, of a million and a quarter tons annually. British steamers are capable of transporting to Great Britain a million tons annually. The food control, the statement concludes, has operated against British trade interests in favor of foreign. If the control was removed the price of imported meat would fall threepence in the pound by the end of the year.

SCAPA FLOW LOSSES MENTIONED IN COMMONS

First Lord Says Government Does Not Accept Blame For Sinkings

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 6.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. Walter Long, First Lord of the Admiralty stated that the Government did not accept responsibility for the sinking of the ex-German fleet at Scapa Flow. He added that the Supreme Council was still considering the disposal of the ex-German ships.

American Engineer Visits In Shanghai

Export Manager For Asbestos And Rubber Company Looks Over Field

Increasing interest in American commercial circles in all branches of industry in China is indicated by the number of business houses in the United States who are sending representatives here for a review of local conditions. The latest arrival in this connection is Mr. Arthur Walser, M.E., export manager for the General Asbestos and Rubber Company, who is a guest at the Palace Hotel.

Mr. Walser expects to spend several weeks in this part of China and has just arrived here from Hongkong where he made an investigation of business condition. He said yesterday that his first impressions of Shanghai were excellent and that he believed the outlook for closer commercial relations between this country and America is very bright.

The company represented by Mr. Walser has its plant for the manufacture of brake lining, packings and textiles at Charleston, South Carolina, and its export offices in New York.

German Munitions Near Namur Explode

Anxiety Caused Because Many Poison Shells Were Kept In Depot

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 10.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—A telegram from Brussels says:

A quantity of German shells stored at Dave, four miles south of Namur, exploded yesterday morning. It is not yet known if anyone was killed.

The guards at the depot have not yet answered the call. Fears are entertained for the town of Namur, if the whole store were to blow up.

The inhabitants of the district have taken to their cellars, and special measures are contemplated in view of the large quantity of poison-shells stored at this spot.

FILM ARTIST TO GIVE SHAKESPEREAN READING

Mr. Wadsworth Harris, Former Stage Star, At Chinese Y.M.C.A. Tonight

Mr. Wadsworth Harris, member of the Universal Film party now in Shanghai, has consented to give a program of Shakespearean readings in the Chinese Y.M.C.A. tonight for members and friends and any English speaking people who care to come. No admission will be charged. Mr. Harris has played on the stage with Modjeska and in films with Pavlova. For six months last year he gave his time to entertaining soldiers in the American training camps under auspices of the Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Harris' program will not start until 8:45. He will be preceeded by an address in Chinese by Dr. S. M. Woo of the Medical Board of the China Continuation Committee on "The Foe of Symetrical Development."

BETTER ROADS URGED BY BRITISH MINISTER

Sir Eric Geddes Sees Era Of Motor Transportation About To Open

(Reuter's Service)

London, Nov. 6.—Sir Eric Geddes, Minister of Transport, speaking at a dinner of the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders yesterday, said that a new era of transportation was beginning. They must have better roads, reserved exclusively for motor traffic with a private organisation acting as clearing house. Roads must be classified, and standardised he said, and through routes laid down and maintained to standard by means of a levy on the users of the roads and on landlords, who benefited by fast traffic over their estates. There was a great future for road transport of goods and passengers within a fifty mile radius of the great towns providing a better service than the railway, he said.

Sir Eric Geddes added that they must find "a cheaper road train than the present lorry" and cheaper fuel.

Bolshevist Mission Arrives In Poland

Exchange Of Prisoners On Of Matters That Will Be Dealt With

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—A Bolshevik mission has arrived in Poland for the proposed exchange of prisoners. It is intimated that the mission is vested with wide powers and that the Bolshevists are ready to make important concessions to Poland.

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SHANGHAI CELEBRATES FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF SIGNING OF ARMISTICE

Entire Community Joins In Observing Historical Day Suitably

SCHOOLS HALF-HOLIDAY

All Activities At Hongkong Cease For Two Minutes Marking Occasion

With one year elapsed since the Germans signed the armistice on on November 11, 1918, the Shanghai community celebrated the anniversary yesterday with suitable festivities. Various schools held exercises and half-holidays. All the foreign clubs of Shanghai were guests of the Shanghai Race Club following the races in the afternoon. In the evening the United Services Club members with their guests celebrated with a dinner in the Astor House. A dance was held in the Shanghai Club.

At the Cathedral School the students were given a half-holiday in the afternoon. In the morning a short ceremony was held in the big yard in which all the boys and faculty participated. The head master, Mr. E. P. Graham Barrow, gave them a short address on the purposes of the day. The great victory has brought fresh responsibilities, he said, and with the world unsettled it means that each must tackle the new problems with greater energy. The reward for work he declared is always more work. Following this speech, it being just 11 o'clock, all stood silently for two minutes, as had been requested in the proclamation of King George, in contemplation of their responsibilities and in remembrance of their companions who fell in the great war. At the close of the period, Dean Walker offered prayers, the British Union Jack was raised and the school joined in singing the national anthem.

Merry-makers at the Shanghai Club dance wore small Allied flags in varied combinations. The affair had been arranged for about 400 but there were at least 500 there before 9:30 and later in the evening practically the entire crowd from the United Services Club dinner added their number. The dining room made an excellent ball room, decorated in flags and greenery, and the banquet hall was arranged for refreshments. The party, which did not break up until a late hour was entertained by the Astor House jazz orchestra.

At the returned soldiers and sailors dinner held under auspices of the United Services Club there were three speakers, British Consul-General J. W. Jamieson, French Consul-General H. A. Wilden, and Dean Walker. About 200 were present.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, Nov. 11.—Punctually at 11 o'clock this morning a gun was fired as the signal in the Colony that all activities should cease for two minutes in commemoration of the signing of the armistice.

All locomotion, including the tramways, etc., came to a standstill. The churches were opened for those who preferred to spend these brief moments in prayer.

(Reuter's Service)

London, Nov. 6.—The Home Secretary issues suggestions for carrying out His Majesty's two minutes silence at 11 o'clock on Tuesday. He points out that it is of capital importance that the moment fixed for the commencement of the silence should be clearly marked by some distinct sound. He suggests that in country villages the Church clock or bells will be an adequate signal, but that in the larger towns other means are necessary in order to insure uniformity

In London and its suburbs, maroons will be fired. The Home Secretary suggests that elsewhere the Mayors should provide the signal by a siren or some available alternative. Arrangements are being made to stop all trains all over the country and the police in London will stop all street traffic.

The local authorities are asked to do the same. It is hoped that employers will co-operate in order to carry out the spirit of the scheme. It is suggested that people in the streets and shops should co-operate by simply standing still, when the signal is sounded.

French Rail Wreck Casualties Reported

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 5.—The latest estimate of the casualties in the collision between the Simplon express and the Geneva express is 60 killed and over a hundred injured.

DINNER OF CHAMBER

Reservations for the American Chamber of Commerce dinner to be given tomorrow night must be made before tonight, according to an announcement made yesterday by officers of the organisation. The dinner is to be served tomorrow evening at the American Club.

New British Commander In Palestine

Lieut.-General Sir W. Congreve.

Lieutenant-General Sir Walter N. Congreve, who has been appointed commander of the British forces in Palestine. General Congreve succeeds General Allenby, who recently returned to England.

U.S. LUMBER EXPORTERS GIVEN CHINESE ORDERS

Pacific Coast Firms Given Orders For Millions Of Feet Of Fir

Simultaneously with the announcement by THE CHINA PRESS yesterday morning that exporters in the Philippine Islands have sent an expert here to study local market conditions as a result of the Japanese boycott, word was received that already American firms in the Pacific Northwest of the United States are booking large orders for lumber here.

A despatch from Portland, Oregon, says:

"Lumber buyers in China have placed orders with Pacific Northwest mills for large quantities of lumber to be delivered as soon as vessels are named to carry the product of the mills.

"During the past ten days the Douglas Fir Exploitation and Export Company of San Francisco and Portland has booked orders for 25,000,000 feet of fir lumber, half of which quantity is to be furnished by mills on the Columbia and Williamette rivers, the remainder to be supplied by mills on Puget Sound and Grays Harbor.

The Douglas Fir Exploitation and Export Company represents a large number of mills on the Pacific coast and devotes its attention to foreign or off-shore business only."

Military Maneuvers Are Opened At Osaka

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, November 11.—Local maneuvers opened today, four divisions taking part. The Emperor and the Crown Prince arrived at Suma, near Kobe, last night to attend. A grand military review will be held on Saturday at Osaka when all banks and exchanges will be closed.

BOAT IN FROM MARSEILLES

One hundred and fifty-three passengers arrived in Shanghai by the French Mail steamer Sphinx from Marseilles, Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong. The steamer will leave the Southern Manchurian Railway Co.'s Whangpoo Wharf tomorrow morning at daylight. The tender Whangpoo will leave the French Mail jetty at six o'clock this evening.

Pichon And Gourand Call On Clemenceau

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 10.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—M. Clemenceau last night received M. Pichon and General Gourand, with whom he had a long interview. M. Berthelot, Director of Political Affairs of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, was also present.

STUDENTS FEDERATION END MEMBERSHIP DRIVE

Messrs. Tang Shao-yi And Yang Tcheng Deliver Addresses At Y.P.S. Hotel

The World's Chinese Students' Federation was at home yesterday to a large gathering of prominent local residents at the Yi Ping Shang hotel. The meeting was originally intended to mark the appreciation of the Federation towards the band of enthusiastic co-operators who have rendered generous assistance in making the 1919 membership campaign of the Federation a great success.

Mr. Tang Shao-yi, who has been nominated honorary captain of the campaign, took the chair and opened the meeting by calling attention to the fact that the World's Chinese Students' Federation is now in its 14th year and this present campaign is the ninth of the kind.

Mr. Y. M. Chien, the next speaker, chief captain of the 30 teams formed for this year, said that there are now over 2,000 members in the Federation, that over 500 students attend the day school and evening classes established by the Federation, that weekly lectures are delivered at the Federation by prominent speakers on subjects bearing on modern culture, that all available facilities are provided by the Federation for students leaving for studies abroad and that the services of an efficient employment department are at the disposal of returned students.

Mr. C. P. Yin, managing director of the Shanghai-Nanking railway and a member of the Board of Directors of the Federation, and Mr. Yang Tcheng, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, also spoke.

Miss Grace Yang and Miss Helen King entertained the guests with singing and music respectively.

Among the guests present were Mr. F. M. Sah, President of the Federation; Dr. T. H. Lee, and Mr. Y. C. Tong, vice-presidents; Mr. C. P. Yin and Mr. Sung Han-chang, both directors of the Federation; Dr. C. C. Wang, Messrs. M. Y. Chung, Otis Hsu, H. Chow, Thomas H. Yu, V. C. Yeh; Mr. Koo Shing-yi, chairman of the Shanghai City Chamber of Commerce; Mr. Chow Wang-pang, managing director of the Chinese Telegraph Administration; Mr. S. K. Chen, secretary of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs; Mr. S. C. Lin of the Han Yeh Ping Coal and Iron Company, and Mr. Fu Siao-an of the Asia Banking Corporation.

RUBBER PLANTERS IN SINGAPORE ORGANISE

Healthier Tone Seen In Market Where Brisk Buying Brings Firmness

Singapore, October 18.—The Incorporated Society of Planters looks like proving a very useful body. The rubber industry is vast, and in some ways it is surprising that we have not had a combination of planters long before now. The newly-formed Society should in time wield considerable influence, and so long as it does not abuse its position there is no reason why it should not have the support of the companies. It is as much in the interests of the companies that their managers and assistants should be satisfied, as it is in the interests of the planters themselves.

The conditions of the industry are yearly becoming more exacting and planters find it necessary to have some form of protection. This the Society will afford them. A complaint freely heard is that young planters often are deliberately deceived regarding the cost of living and conditions generally out here, and if the Society can look after the interests of prospective planters in London and elsewhere really valuable work will be done.

After ten days or so of uncertainty, the rubber market on October 15 and 16 firmed up and prices have risen. This to some extent is due to brisker buying, but the market has also been influenced by a more favorable view being taken of the position of a certain firm whose liabilities are alleged to be fairly heavy. If buyers are short in their contracts, which is highly probable, we may see fairly heavy buying before the end of the year, in which case prices are certain to be maintained at a high level. But it is difficult to tell what is to happen.

General Lu Back In Shanghai To Hand Office To Successor

General Lu Yung-hsiang, Tuchun of Chekiang and acting concurrently as Defense Commissioner of Shanghai, returned to Shanghai Monday in preparation for handing over his concurrent office to General Ho Fung-ling, Defense Commissioner of Ningpo and Taichow, Chekiang.

The readjustment of troops will take place tomorrow when the 15th and 16th brigades of the fourth division under the command of General Ho will arrive in Shanghai to take up the post of the 37th and the 38th brigades of the tenth division, which will be transferred respectively to Taichow and Ningpo on the same day. General Ho is expected to arrive in Shanghai to-take over his new office Saturday.

BRITISH MINISTER RETURNS TO PEKING

Envoy Leaves Shanghai After Conclusion Of Chamber Of Commerce Meeting

Sir John Jordan, the British Minister, left here yesterday for Peking by the morning train. British Consular representatives and a number of local Chinese officials were present at the station to bid the minister farewell. The Nantao Police Band was in attendance and a detachment of Settlement police performed guard duty.

Among others present at the station were Mr. C. C. Nieh, president of the Chinese Cotton Mill Owners' Association, Mr. Hsu Kuo-liang, Chief of the Nantao Police, Mr. Yang Tcheng, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Magistrate Shen Pao-chang of the Shanghai City and Mr. C. P. Yin, Managing Director of the local railway administration.

Obituary

MR. HASTINGS STELKER

Funeral services for the late Mr. Hastings Stelker of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company were held yesterday at the Bubbling Well Cemetery. The Rev. John R. Hykes officiated. The remains are at the Cemetery Chapel, pending instructions from San Francisco, where the deceased's family resides.

A number of sympathetic friends attended the funeral and a large collection of floral tributes was sent, including those from the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, the Yangtsze Transport and Supply Corporation, the Robert Dollar and Company, the Passenger Department of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd., Mr. and Mrs. L. Ladow, Mr. and Mrs. Silberman and Family, Mr. and Mrs. T. U. Alexander, Grace China Co., Mr. and Mrs. Herd, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Lu, Dr. and Mrs. S. T. Donohoe, Dr. and Mrs. J. Pettit, Mr. W. P. Wilson, Mr. A. W. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. L. Johnstone, Mr. E. G. Banning Lover, Mr. H. W. Marble, Mr. J. B. Crow, Mr. J. Edward Doyle, Mr. F. C. Charman, Mr. L. W. A. Sing, Mr. S. Y. Chu, Mr. T. K. Chen, Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan, Mr. S. C. Wong, Mr. W. P. Liang and Mr. Y. S. Cheang.

POULET AT KONIA

(Reuter's Service)

London, Nov. 6.—The French airman, Poulet, has arrived at Konia.

Revolt At Pei Yang Aimed At Americans

ship are high and it takes real merit to pass the regular tests. Thus it is feared that the entire agitation is due to a movement to

(Continued from Page 1)

get the present American faculty out and, under a new president and faculty, establish conditions more agreeable to the unprepared.

ANFU CLUB MENTIONED

The transfer of the Peking engineering department to Pei Yang University was always unpopular in the capital and, as the students who are conducting the present agitation are well supplied with funds, there are grounds for believing that their activities are meeting with the approval and support of the Anfu Club, which has always opposed American-taught schools in China, and of their friends at the Peking Government University. If this proves to be the case only the prompt action of the Board of Education, accompanied by such support as the American authorities here can give to the American staff at Pei Yang—and thus to the entire American educational idea in China—will save the school from sharing the fate of most of China's Government-controlled educational institutions.

Pei Yang has hitherto been a notable exception to the rule that Government universities are inferior to other similar schools in this country. Ever since Dr. Tenney was president of Pei Yang the school has kept out of politics and has been noted for its high standards of scholarship and the fine type of men that it has turned out. Its graduates are the only men in China who are accepted for mining and engineering positions solely on the strength of their diplomas supported by recommendations from professors. Students from other engineering schools all have to pass the acid test of a practical trial before they are taken on anyhere.

MANY STUDENTS LOYAL

There are some features of the present Peiyang situation that may go far towards saving the school. In the first place the Peking strikers and their friends have not succeeded in getting the whole under-graduate body on their side, and there is a large group of students who are still loyal to the faculty and who stand for thorough educational methods along the lines in vogue at the university. These men have formed a league to oppose the agitators and are doing what they can to maintain order at the school and keep the present system going.

Another satisfactory feature of the situation is that the Peiyang agitators cannot incorporate their movement with the general Students' Movement without putting the latter organisation into a most embarrassing position. There is already a general feeling that the Tientsin Students' Movement has gone too far in many directions and that its leaders, forgetting the original grounds and policies of the movement, have occupied themselves with matters that are no concern of theirs. This has alienated a good deal of sympathy from the movement and weakened it correspondingly and its leaders have been made aware of this fact. Thus they will scarcely venture to support the present agitation at Peiyang; and the strikers at that institution will have to fight the issue out on their own and with such support as they can obtain from anti-American politicians at Peking and a few disgruntled elements at the Peking Government University.

News Brevities

Members of the faculty of the Shanghai American School held a reception to parents and friends yesterday afternoon. Over 100 guests were present. In the receiving line were the new Principal, Mr. E. S. Dreher, Mrs. E. M. Dadisman, Mrs. W. F. Beaman, Miss Frances Taylor, Miss Mary Lowrie and Miss Kate Hand.

* * *

Prince Tokugawa of Japan, who has been visiting in Chinese centers investigating political conditions, is expected to arrive in Shanghai by train today. He is accompanied by his wife. The party will remain here for three days.

* * *

The Shanghai Electric Construction Company has declared an interim dividend of six percent for the half year ended June 30.

* * *

Tientsin papers record the death as a result of pneumonia of M. de Lesquen, the Tientsin Postmaster for France, which took place November 6 at the French Hospital. The deceased was 62 years old and came to China ten years ago. He is survived by the widow and a son and a daughter.

* * *

Officers of St. Andrew's Society yesterday announced the dates for reel practices for the Caledonian Ball to take place on November 28. The practices will be held in the Town Hall on November 17, 22 and 24. Applications for tickets will be considered in the order in which they are received by Mr. A. T. Downie, honorary secretary, St. Andrew's Society, 33 Szechuen Road.

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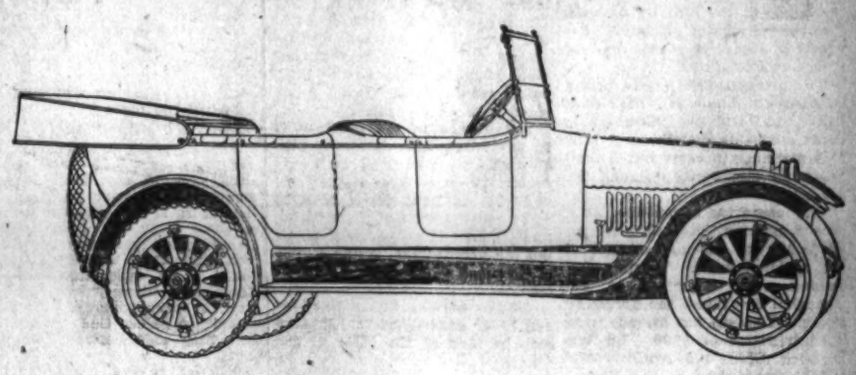

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ANTI-OPIUM ADVOCATES SEEKING NEW MEMBERS

Association Also Taking Steps To Check Cultivation Of Poppy

Poppy was extensively cultivated in Fukien, according to a report of the International Anti-Opium Association, which has recently moved from 5 Quinsan Gardens to 26 Kiukiang Road. The officials of the province collected millions of dollars from the opium farmers. But the association is taking steps to prevent the recrudescense of poppy cultivation; and already a branch has been established in Putien Hsien after considerable difficulty.

The organisation is also conducting a campaign against smuggling in Shanghai and in this work has secured the support of both the Customs Commissioner, Mr. L. A. Lyall, and the Settlement police authorities. An appeal will be made with influential people of Szechuen and Shensi to stop the cultivation there, because the association is at present helpless in the hands of the military officials. The Governor of Kiangsu has urged a vigorous search on the trains at Pukow.

The association is conducting a membership campaign. Both English and Chinese membership cards are being distributed. It is also planning to carry out a campaign for membership among the students.

The executive committee, at a recent meeting, adopted a budge of $5,000 for the maintenance of the national work. Tientsin and Peking were requested to aid Shanghai in raising the necessary funds. Tientsin has already sent a contribution of $500. Dr. Wu Lien-teh, China's delegate at the Opium Convention at the Hague, was present at the meeting and made certain valuable suggestions for the work of the organisation.

The association further reports organisation of a branch in Chinkiang and its subsequent suppression by the local magistrate on the ground that anti-opium propaganda belonged to his scope of work. The president of the branch, Mr. Ma, is negotiating with the local authorities for the re-opening of the offices to carry on the work.

Teachers Of Japan Ask Salary Raises

Keio University Professors Ask An Advance Of Thirty Percent

Kobe, November 5.—The Professors at Keio University are agitating for increased salaries. They demand that their salaries be increased by 30 to 70 percent. A delegation of five are now negotiating with the authorities of the University about the matter. It is expected that a meeting of the Councillors of the institution will be called in a few days to discuss the question. One of the malcontents is quoted as admitting that on the whole the salaries drawn by the professors at Keio University compare favorably with those obtained by their comrades at other Government and private universities. Nevertheless, he thinks that they are scarcely adequate in view of the prevailing high prices of commodities. The professor quoted expresses regret that the management of the institution allowed the situation to come to the present pass, for he is convinced that they could easily increase the professors' salaries, and could have done so if they had been sufficiently solicitous of their welfare. He points out that the Keio University has the backing of many influential capitalists, and that a large proportion of the students are of rich families. Their idea is that the highest-paid professors should have their salaries increased 30 percent, the lowest paid 70 percent, and the rest in proportion.

'Ann'

"Ann" makes her first appearance before a Shanghai audience tonight, and from what we have seen and heard she is going to be a real cute little American girl. The dress rehearsal took place on Monday evening, and the fifty odd people who attended found themselves laughing with the clever cast through all the three acts.

The public is particularly requested to be in their seats at 9:15 o'clock sharp, as the rise of the first curtain is as novel as it is charming.

Local Merchants Will Attend Big Trade Conference

American Business Men In Shanghai To Visit San Francisco In May

Many American business men in Shanghai are expected to attend the National Foreign Trade Council's seventh annual convention which is to be held, it was announced yesterday, at San Francisco from May twelfth to May fifteenth, 1920. The Ecuador of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company has been chartered to carry Far Eastern delegates to the conference and will sail from Calcutta about April tenth calling at all the principal intermediate ports, including Shanghai.

In an announcement sent out by the Commercial Attache of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at Peking it is urged that all American business men in China who are contemplating trips to the United States endeavor to make arrangements to be in San Francisco at the time of the conference.

The rapidly increasing commerce between this country and America and the importance of the Council are pointed out together with the fact that in previous years many important business transactions have taken place between delegates.

Admittance to the sessions is by invitation only but any reliable American business man may readily procure the necessary credentials. A small fee is charged to defray the costs of the meeting and to meet the expense of printing the proceedings, bound copies of which are supplied to the delegates.

Copies of the proceedings of the 1918 convention at Chicago may be seen at the office of the American Commercial Attache at Peking or full information may be had from the American Chamber of Commerce here.

One Year In Prison Penalty For Burglar

One year in prison was the penalty imposed on a Chinese burglar who was captured by Mr. Russell W. Burton, in his bedroom at 14 Quinsan Garden, when the offender appeared before American Assessor Jacobs and Magistrate Li in the Mixed Court yesterday.

In addition to having been caught while attempting to burglarise the apartments of Mr. Burton, the man was found to have stolen a suit of clothing and a purse from Mr. G. F. Dusly, 20A North Szechuen Road. He had the purse in his possession when he was caught by Mr. Burton and the suit was recovered, later, from a pawn shop to which it had been sold by the culprit.

'Intolerance'

Playgoers are looking forward with the keenest interest to the opening on next Friday of the return engagement of the Griffith film spectacle "Intolerance," which is to be shown for three nights at the Victoria Theater.

The most gorgeous and magnificent film ever shown in Shanghai, showing as it does wonderful scenes of by-gone days, mighty cities of long ago reconstructed and spectacular action typical of a Griffith production, is certain to attract large crowds to the theater. A special musical program, appropriate to the film's action, has been arranged.

The performance will commence nightly at 9:15 o'clock.

Japanese Torture Young Korean Girls

(Continued from Page 1)

sociate themselves with the men in the Independence movement?

Mary: In this world, all that has been successfully accomplished has been by the working in harmony of both man and woman. Just as the making of a small home requires the united action (co-operation) of both husband and wife, even so the successful building of a nation also demands the combined labors of both man and woman.

Judge: What is your reason for believing that independence is essential?

NOT IMPARTIALLY RULED

Mary: I am a Korean, this in itself is every reason why I desire the independence of my country.

Judge: But being educated you must have some special reason, tell me all that is in your mind.

Mary: I refuse to tell you all my thoughts.

Judge: What do you think about annexation, and the policy of the Japanese Government?

Mary: Korea ought never to have been annexed to Japan. With regard to the Government, you have not ruled impartially, but have shown discrimination between Koreans and Japanese. You have also attempted to assimilate the two peoples. In education you have compelled us to study through the Japanese language. You have also forbidden the Korean language and history to be taught in our schools. Japan has treated us just as Germany treated her colonies.

Judge: What other reasons have you for desiring Independence?

Mary: I have three reasons. First: I desire independence for the good of Korea; second: for the good of the Japanese Empire; third: for the peace fo the whole world.

Judge: Explain all of them.

Mary: First: Korea is a nation quite distinct from Japan, having a national history of four thousand years, with language, script and customs peculiar to herself which make assimilation with Japan impossible.

It is a fact that assimilation was neither the desire of the emperor nor the wish of the people. The late emperor was forced to sign away his country due to violence from the hands of the Japanese.

For the past ten years you have seen how much the Korean nation has disliked your policy of annexation. I need not tell you of the details but will mention a few of the facts.

CONSTANT REBELLION

For ten years innumerable people have sacrificed their lives, have suffered and received persecution from your people. Although it is not possible for us to show forth the deep feelings of our minds, yet every man, woman and child desires independence. I am sure that even the Korea spies whom you trust, were they to speak according to their conscience before God, would say that they also desire independence.

Second: I wish not alone for the good of my country, but also for the good of the Japanese empire. As the Korean people have distinct national characteristics, no matter how long you try to assimilate us there will be constant rebellion and insurrection. We never will be loyal to the Empire of Japan, therefore we will be a cause of endless trouble to you.

Third: As long as the two nations are always quarreling there can be no peace in the East. If there is no peace in the East there can be no peace in the West and so the whole world will be kept in a state of unrest.

Judge: What you say is probably true. On what power are you depending to obtain your independence? Are you depending upon America, or militarism or the Peace Conference?

Mary: I am trusting in God. I do not depend upon American power or the power of militarism.

Our annexation by Japan was not accomplished by victorious war but simply by conference. I therefore believe that we can regain our independence through another conference, by simply reasoning with your Government.

Judge: As I am not a prophet I cannot say whether independence is possible or impossible.

Mary: I have been wanting to ask you something.

Judge: What is it?

Mary: When you annexed us, was it only for the benefit of Korea?

Judge: No, it was done for the both nations.

Mary: If that is so, we the Korean people, even though we have received benefit under the Japanese administration would rather receive detriment and rule ourselves. As for Japan, if she has received benefit from the annexation she had better sacrifice that benefit for the sake of justice and humanity. I would rather be known to the world as a daughter of the Korean nation, small and insignificant though our country be, than be a subject of the Empire of Japan with all her fame and glory.

Judge: How dare you act so rashly when you are not sure of the outcome?

Mary: Man does his work, the results remain with God. Although I am unworthy to work for my country, I desire to do my duty as a humble member of the nation. While in prison I felt very much ashamed. I was being punished for my country, yet up to that time had done nothing for her.

Judge: As you are educated, throw away your narrow mind and such prejudice and try and assimilate yourself with the Japanese.

Mary: No, I cannot throw away my heart's desire for independence, I am a Korean.

HER FUTURE IN KOREA?

"There is no place for this brilliant young woman in Korea. The cursed policy of assimilation makes her fate sure; sooner or later she will either have to flee the country and live in exile, as thousands have already done, or fall once more into the hands of the cruel police.

"Why should these innocent girls daily suffer from severe headaches, due to being beaten on the head during police examination? God alone knows what these girls have suffered.

"While the dignified answers of Mary to her judge reveal the culture and beauty of her nature, her spirit of patriotism does not exceed that of the simple young lass, Chang-Sic whose strange words and deeds are recorded in the following story.

"Chang-Sic lived in a small hamlet away in the interior which had been penetrated by the most vague rumors only of the independence movement. She had a strong conviction that the stories told of Korean independence were true. Without saying a word to anyone, and preparing for the worst she made herself a complete suit of burial clothes. Rolled in these she appeared one morning before the police station and with all her might shouted "Mansai, Tongnip Mansai." The police immediately arrested this strange woman and questioned her in the following manner:

"Who told you to do this foolish thing? Chang-Sic replied no one. Such an answer naturally failed to satisfy the police who further asked. If no one told you, how did you know how to call Mansai? To this Chang-Sic replied: Who tells the rooster to crow at day break?. This is the dawn of our independence, and so I shout Mansai without being told to do so.

KOREA'S HEROIC WOMEN

"Some days later, handcuffed she was marched off to the county jail Taikyu. While waiting outside the jail, unknown to the police, she raised the tied hands to her mouth, and biting the tip of a finger wrote with blood on her blouse the words Tongnip (Independence).

"As is the custom, her family brought rice and other eatables to the jail, to save her from eating the coarse prison fare. But Chang-Sic refused to eat the special food sent to her from friends outside, and demanded that she be given plain prison diet. If the authorities looked upon her as a criminal she asked for no privileges, save the honor of being allowed to participate in all the hardships of her new environment.

"Korea has been born again, and in the Renaissance the heroism of Korea's women has equalled if not surpassed the bravest deeds of Korea's noblest men. But one shudders to think of the long drawn out fight into which those women young and old alike have so boldly entered. Already every jail has got its quota of these girls where they sit working out their sentences which vary from three months to three years. Less than two hours ago a young school mistress refused to listen to greater caution, stating my blood is not precious to me if only those who follow after me can live in peace and happiness."

Tomorrow morning THE CHINA PRESS will print other documents further revealing the amazing situation in Korea—Editor.

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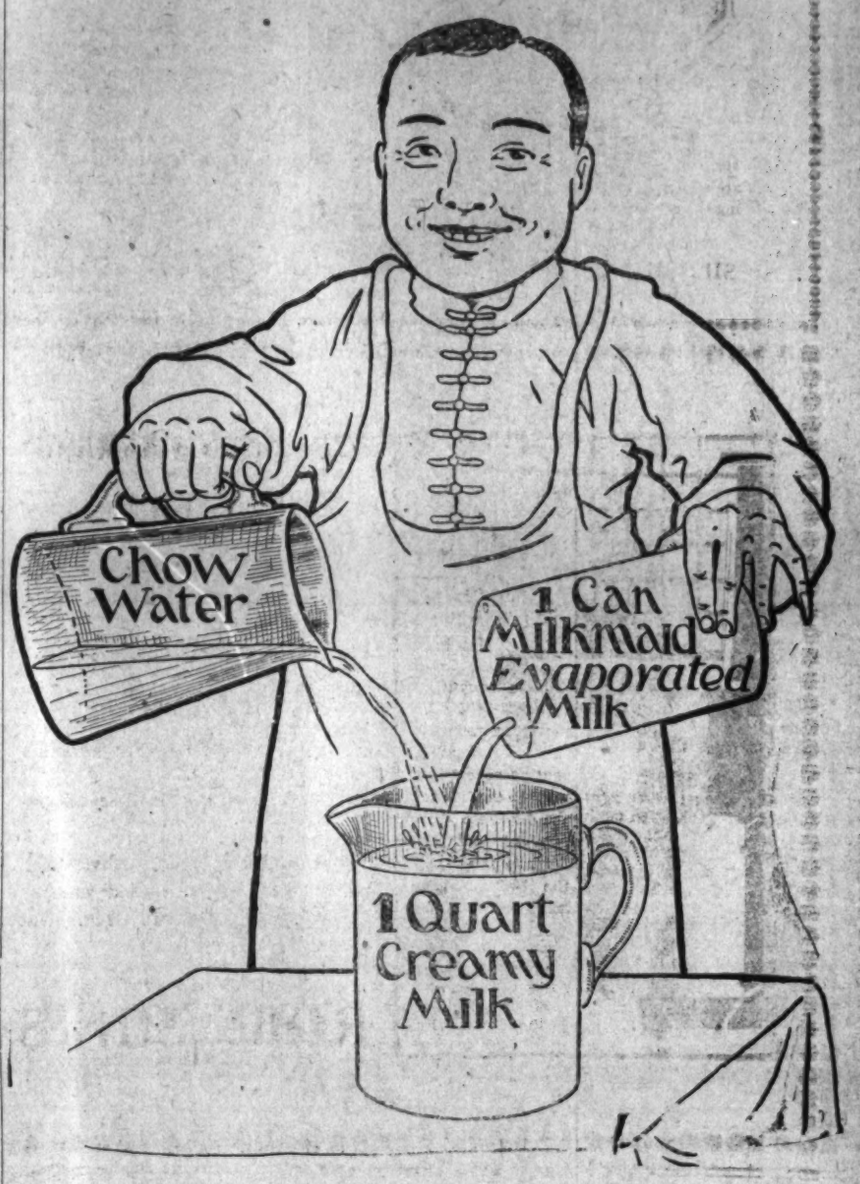

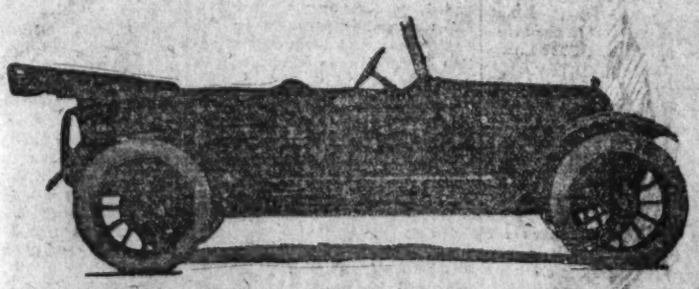
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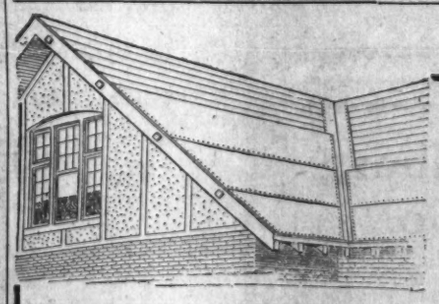
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LAOU KIU CHWANG

The Oldest Silk Imporium in the Orient

Paris Fashion Directors Rule In Favor Of Furs

BY HELEN MILLIAMS

Magnificent furs for every occasion is the mandate sent forth direct from Paris. Fur coats, coatees, capes, scarfs and great quantities of fur on suits will make this a winter where "Milady's" adornment will be of the most sumptuous.

For evening wear, whether at the opera or at other billiant functions, ermine and sable are the last word. Everything is most elaborate, and ermine coats or capes, with wide bands of black lynx at the bottom on the cuffs, and a collar of lynx are great favorites. Sable capes, with great high collars, a wide flare at the bottom, and lined tufted chiffon of bright colors, make a wrap for evening wear that cannot be beaten for beauty and luxury.

Coats for last year were almost as narrow as the dresses, and a great many of them were belted, but this year everything in furs will be wide except the dollman, which still holds its own as a beautiful, smart garment. The capes have evidently come in to stay, as they are so graceful that a great many people prefer them to the coat. One of the loveliest capes shown this season is a Russian squirrel, very full and cut in the cirular style. A small round muff completes this particularly attractive outfit.

Brown furs predominate this season, mink, sable and kolinsky being far in the lead. Even the Scotch mole is being dyed in such a way as to give it a brownish tint. Sealskin is as good as ever, and beautiful garments, with some decidedly contrasting fur are being shown. Chinchilla has come to the fore again in evening wraps.

Georgeous straight scarfs and capes of mole, mink, and sable are being worn with dresses and suits and ermine and chinchilla scarfs are just the thing to be worn between dances. Our old friend skunk is still in the running and going good, as it is being used a great deal for trimming, and capes of this fur are both smart and practical for street wear.

The military department at Hall and Holtz's is a most fascinating place for the shopper, as there are new models arriving constantly from New York, London and Paris. Lovely and original models are designed and made here, as the new head of this department, who has just arrived from America, is also a very clever designer, and she has a knack of knowing just what would suit the purchaser best. A smart new over-blouse of net, with large flowers worked on it in many colored beads is one of the features. They are also showing chiffon velvets in all shades, one of which, a rich deep wine color, is particularly beautiful.

Squires Bingham have a new line of attractive children's dresses. These little frocks are embroidered in a manner to delight the heart of both mother and child. Dainty silk breakfast jackets in many colors and designs are one of many pretty things that can be purchased here. They are carrying a splendid new line of blouses, some in silk and others in georgette, with filet and Irish lace trimmings.

For afternoon wear, Boyes Bassett are showing a very pretty brown silk frock, trimmed with large gold medallions, and with the new short sleeve, which has become so popular for this type of dress. Another attractive dress is a black tricollette trimmed with the fashionable new fringe. The collar is round, and the sleeves are one of the attractive features of this dress, as they have a band of fringe around them at the elbow. For evening wear there is a dainty little point d'esprit dress, with a velvet bodice. There is a dark blue serge frock, one of the smartest I have seen this season. It has black satin sleeves, and the yoke of the skirt is black satin. The blouse and a part of the skirt are embroidered in black wool.

Georgette in many delicate shades is being shown at Whiteaway Laidlaw's. This material is ever popular for blouses and afternoon dresses, and it can also be made into the most dainty types of underwear. Metal laces of all widths, which so enhance the beauty of a frock, are being shown here. For the warm street dress or suit for fall, there are corduroys in rich dark tones which are particularly smart this season.

Lau Kiu Chwang's are showing a gorgeous ermine coat, and if this were trimmed in a soft black fur of some kind, such as lynx or fox, it could be made into a most elaborate evening wrap. Their squirrel coats are rich and beautiful, and one that I saw there would be a great asset to a wardrobe.

Coming down from the fur department to the silks, we find a most wonderful new brocaded black satin—with great silver flowers all over it. Then there are the satins in the brighter colors with the gold flowers and butterflies. These materials make wonderful evening gowns. For blouses there are heavy crepe-de-chines, which when combined with filet or Irish lace are always beautiful and dainty.

Many new "styles" in records can be purchased at Robinson's, as a new shipment has just arrived. As ever, the Jazz record, which has captured the hearts of all lovers of the dance, heads the list. There are also many new operatic and ballad records, in fact, musical tastes of all kind can be satisfied here.

'We Have Some Very Nice Barbed Wire'

Shopping at the Army's sales has possibilities out of the ordinary. For example, one has an opportunity to meet his requirements for lignite coal, provided he will take a carload. If he has any neighbors whom he wants to keep at a distance he may pick up enough barbed wire—of the sort specially made to stop Germans—to fence tightly the whole of his back yard even though it comprises a township or two. If a light-running vehicle would meet his fancy, he may have his pick of 100 buckboards painted an unobtrusive olive darb.

A man need not be pernickety. He can let his choice range through steam boilers, brushes that will clean pistols or anything else—gas masks to hang in the parlor and curry combs.—*The Nation's Business for October.*

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BUY GLOVES NOW

We list below our new deliveries of Gloves arrived. We wish to point out the revised prices fixed on these owing to the high exchange. They are all from well known English Houses such as Morley's, Dents, Perrin, Freres and are thoroughly reliable skins. We specially recommend the new "Suede-Like" Gloves for morning use. We sold hundreds of pairs last season and they are deservedly popular.

HIGH EXCHANGE BRINGS PRICES DOWN AGAIN.

The "Ferry" White Doeskin Glove
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Cut from extra heavy Tan kid heavy sewn, 2 pearl buttons.
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The "Hart" White Suede Washing Glove
A very serviceable washing glove, for visiting. 2 pearl buttons.
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The "Avenue" Kid Glove
Good Kid Glove, heavy point sketch on backs. Tan, Grey, Black or White $3.50 pair
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The "Medhurst" Washable White Suede Glove
This is an exceptionally fine value. White washable suede glove, 2 pearl buttons.
Price $4.00 pair
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The "Rennie" Cream Chamois Glove
A fine quality Washing Chamois Glove, well cut and perfect fitting, 2 pearl buttons.
Our Price $3.00 per pair
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The "Gordon" Suede Gloves
Specially selected for morning wear. Easy fastening, stretching skins, 3 pearl buttons. Grey, Tan or White.
Our Price $2.50
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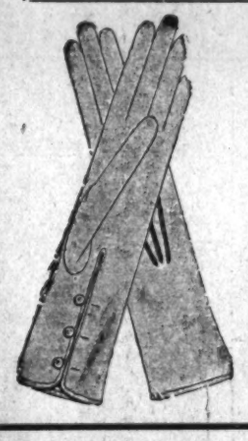

The Rubicon Gauntlet Gloves
A specially selected heavy Tan Leather Motor Gauntlet for ladies. Sizes 6, 6½ only.
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An excellent washing glove, cut and sewn by experts. 2 pearl buttons.
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NANKING ROAD: :: :: :: SHANGHAI

Castlewood Favorite In Champion Sweep Despite His Defeat At Course Yesterday

Fair Weather And Fast Track Today Counted As Factors In Favor Of Pony Which Lost Shanghai Stakes To Silver Streak In Desperate Finish

Castlewood is the favorite to win the Champion Sweepstakes this afternoon. Silver Streak, The Oriole and Mountain King follow in the degree of popularity.

Close followers of racing predict a lowering of the track record for a mile and a quarter. The present mark, hung up by Rosewood at the May meeting, is 2:32 2-5 seconds. Such is the class of the ponies qualifying for the big event.

Two of the three ponies picked as the best bets have won previous Champion Sweepstakes. Castlewood established a record a year ago, The Oriole won in 1918. Silver Streak was second to Rosewood at the May meeting and followed Castlefield and Castlewood home in the classic at the meeting a year ago.

It is estimated that nearly 17,000 tickets will be sold on the race, making the first prize over $80,000—with exchange at 150 on America and seven bob on London.

While all Shanghai and most of China has been speculating on the probable winner of the Champion Sweepstakes, a golden-haired young lady has decided the matter in advance.

Miss Marie Walcamp, star of Universal Film Corporation motion picture company which is working here, discovered last night that the script demands that she find herself nearly penniless on the shores of the Whangpoo river and an urgent need for an immediate dash to Peking. Whereupon, funds being an immediate necessity, she hurries to the race course and calmly walks off with the Champions Sweeps. Anyway, that is the way it will appear on the screen when "The Petals of Lao-Tze" is produced some six months hence. And the activities of the picture-makers will be an added attraction for the crowds that assemble at the track for this afternoon's events.

CASTLEWOOD LOSES

Yesterday, the second day of the meeting, saw Castlewood lose to Silver Streak in the Shanghai Stakes, a mile and a half. John Johnstone rode a splendid race, winning by a head over Frank Vida in a desperate finish. They traveled by the members' stand on even terms and it was the final leap that gave Mr. Johnstone his victory. The win carried with it the Armistice Cup, presented by the Stewards in commemoration of Armistice Day.

The trophy was presented to Mr. Johnstone by Mr. Jamieson, the British Consul-General and the popular rider was given rounds of cheers by the big crowd out to see the great battle between Silver Streak and Castlewood.

But three ponies started the event and Castlewood was the big favorite. Mr. Vida led for a mile and Mr. Johnstone was content to trail, saving his pony for the strength. Down the straight-away the two ponies tore, leaving The Corncrake, the third entrant, far behind. The winner was in doubt to the wire and many figured the race to be a dead heat. Mr. Johnstone won by the short head and was given a splendid reception as Silver Streak was led by the stand.

CASTLEWOOD IS FAVORITE

Despite Silver Streak's victory, the pony is not picked to beat Castlewood at the shorter distance. And the fast track that will greet the ponies this afternoon—if the weather man continues to be indulgent, will be an asset to the Sutterle pony.

There were several great races yesterday and one or two surprises. Vulcanite paid $112.50 for the win dividend in the Pagoda Cup event when Young Alf the favorite, was second in. Pilgrim was third. Dalgliesh, Burkill and Bermner were the jockeys. Young Alf was figured to win even after the ponies were half way down the stretch but it was then that Mr. Dalgliesh stepped out, winning by a neck. Pilgrim was but half a length behind Young Alf.

Mr. Wuilleumier, one of the most popular riders of the meeting, brought Tatouillard through to a dead heat with Last Call II in the Rubicon Plate event. Mr. Wuilleumier's pony carried 160 pounds. The race for the wire was a hummer, Mr. Johnstone, who rode Last Call II, again saving his mount for the dash. Tatouillard was strong however and for the last 100 yards they leaped together. Castlesand, with Mr. Vida riding, was six lengths behind.

FAVORITE WINS SECOND

The little dope bucket was upset in the first race. Little Dipper, figured to win by only 64 persons, did and paid each and every one of the 64 loyal ones the sum of $41.50. Mr. C. R. Burkill rode the winner, beating Mr. Heard on Jack [illegible] Mr. Wuilleumier on Seabird. There were 20 starters.

The favorite came through in the second race. Mr. Hill rode the best bet, The Pelican, and won by two lengths from Mr. Springfield on Escapade and Mr. Burkill on Albion Dahlia, the second and third place ponies respectively.

RACES TODAY

1.—Flyaway Plate, seven furlongs.
2.—Grand Stand Stakes, one mile.
3.—Pari-mutuel Cup, one mile and a half.
4.—Jockey Cup, one mile and a quarter.
5.—Bubbling Well Cup, one mile and a quarter.
6.—Sub-Griffins Consolation Cup, one mile and a quarter.
7.—Champion Sweepstakes, one mile and a quarter.
8.—Jessfield Cup, one mile and a quarter.
9.—Wayside Cup, seven furlongs.

Red Coat and White Fox looked good at stages of the race.

Mr. Johnstone, who won three races yesterday, took the Llama Miau Stakes on Hallow E'en and Standard Dahlia, the favorite, failed to show. There were 13 starters with Rosewood, Night Hawk, Rouble and Scala among the other good ponies entered. It was in the home stretch that Hallow E'en did the running, catching Scala 100 yards from the judges. Scala, with Mr. Crokam up, was second and Sans Peur was third. Mr. Bremner rode the third-place pony.

Wilson, The Heron and Mazurek finished in the order named in the Racing Stakes, the seventh race. Tuborg and Midas alternated in the lead but the race developed in the stretch between the three ponies eventually landing in the money. Knoll, Hill and Brand were the riders. But half a length separated the first and second ponies. Brand was the same distance behind Hill.

THE ORIOLE WINNER

A top-heavy favorite, The Home Bird, won the Sycee Stakes by a length and a half from Dunera with The Screamer coming third. Brand, Dalgarno and Hill were the jockeys. The Scheamer, Red Robe and Plaything were well up near the front until the stretch.

Billy Hill rode a beautiful race in the Siccawei Plate event, riding The Oriole to victory in the field of 11 after getting away to but a fair start. Fairylight, Ironsand and Victoria, with Bydand and Revenge in fourth and fifth places, were in front to the half mile post with Bydand taking the lead at the Monument. The Oriole was in the center of the group and as the pony stepped from the pack as five rounded the turn nearly even, it was a pretty sight. Hill went by the judges a length ahead of Vida on Ironsand with Wuilleumier but three quarters of a length behind on Bydand.

Twenty-five ponies started the final event, the Mongolian Plate and there were two big surprises. Popiel got third. The mere words mean little but only seven persons figured that Popiel could get third. Popiel paid $171.60 for the place, the huskiest dividend of the meeting.

The Sumatra Chief won the race, with Scesaplana, wild favorite, landing in second place. Mr. Hill was on Sumatra Chief, Mr. Wuilleumier rode Scesaplana and Mr. Sweeting was up on Popiel.

Cash sweeps yesterday were consistently large, the first prize in the last six races netting the holder of the lucky number well over $3,000.

MORRISS' PONIES SCRATCHED

Mr. H. E. Morriss yesterday withdrew all Field Stable entries for the meeting. A cable was received yesterday morning bearing the sad news of his father's death in England.

HOW THE JOCKEYS STAND

The standing of the jockeys for the first two days of the race meeting is as follows:

Name	1st	2nd	3rd
Mr. John Johnstone.	5	0	1
Mr. William Hill....	4	5	3
Mr. J. K. Brand	3	2	1
Mr. Frank R. Vida ..	2	2	2
Mr. C. R. Burkill ..	2	2	1
Mr. Wuilleumier ...	1	2	3
Mr. Dalgarno	1	2	1
Mr. R. M. Dalgliesh..	1	1	0
Mr. S. B. M. Bremner	1	0	2
Mr. A. J. Stewart ..	1	0	0
Mr. A. J. P. Heard ..	0	1	1
Mr. M. O. Springfield	0	1	1
Mr. W. G. Crokam ..	0	1	0
Mr. Sweeting	0	0	1
Mr. Sleap	0	0	1
Mr. Warmsley	0	0	1
Mr. Knoll	0	0	1
	21	19	20

(Dead heat in sixth race yesterday).

The standing of the stables for the first two days of the race meeting is as follows:

Name	1st	2nd	3rd
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty	3	4	3
Mr. F. W. Sutterle ..	2	2	2
Mr. Robson	2	1	0
Mr. J. Spunt	2	0	0
Mr. Jeromi	2	0	0
Mr. John Peel.....	2	0	0
Messrs. Sky and Kickling	1	1	2
Mr. Chaucer	1	0	1
Sir Ellis Kadoorie ..	1	0	1
Messrs. De Zutter and Gussie		0	0
Mr. Manningham ...	1	0	0
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman	1	0	0
Mr. Henry Morriss ..	1	0	0
Mr. G. H. Potts	1	0	0
Mr. Fash	0	2	1
Mr. Mem	0	2	0
Mr. Silex	0	2	0
Messrs. B. D. F. Beith and W. W. G. Ross	0	1	1
Mr. Lamerton	0	1	0
Mr. Barnchild	0	1	0
Mr. McBain	0	1	0
Mr. F. S. Gibbings ..	0	1	0
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill	0	0	2
Mr. Risk	0	0	1
Mr. Renniks	0	0	1
Mr. E. B. Rose	0	0	1
Mr. Birdrake	0	0	1
Mr. G. H. Robinson..	0	0	1
Sir Paul	0	0	1
Mr. Kosmo	0	0	1
	21	19	20

1.—The Northern Cup.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies. Winners at this meeting 5 lbs. extra. Unplaced starters at this meeting allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey allowance). — Three-Quarters of a Mile.

lbs.
Messrs. de Zutter and Gussie's grey Little Dipper, Mr. C. R. Burkill .....155—1
„ B. D. F. Beith and W. W. G. Ross' grey Jock Scott, Mr. Heard 155—2
Mr. Birdrake's grey Seabird, Mr. Wuilleumer ....153—3
„ Ezra's brown Iron Duke, Mr. Vida .....158—0
„ P. W. Massey's bay Beaconlight, Mr. Sleap 158—0
Messrs. Harry and Joe's ches. Soft Thing, Mr. Bremner .....156—0
Mr. J. L. de Zutter's bay Rushton, Mr. De Zutter .....148—0
Capt. Bahnson's ches. Jomsborg, Mr. Crokam....153—0
Mr. Shahmoon's grey Charing Cross, Mr. Poulsen 158—0
„ Grayland's black Blackford, Mr. Grayrigge ..164—0
„ Outport's dun Daffodil Mr. Cox .....149—0
„ G. H. Wright's grey Cranby, Mr. Sweeting 153—0
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman's dun Sir Lamerock, Mr. Knoll .....150—0
Mr. Sutterle's grey Riversand, Mr. Taylor ....150—0
„ E. B. Rose's grey Greysand, Mr. Pinkerton ...153—0
„ Dem's dun Western Star, Mr. Richard .....158—0
„ Fash's black Nigger Minstrel, Mr. Hill ....158—0
„ B. D. Kapteyn's grey Bixshoote, Mr. Springfield .....155—0
„ B. D. Kapteyn's grey Kowloon, Mr. Warmsley .....158—0
„ John Peel's ches. Sandy, Mr. Johnstone .....155—0

Won by two lengths; a head. Time—1:31 3-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Sir Lamerock	23	84
Riversand	4	5
Seabird	29	74
Iron Duke	22	62
Charing Cross	1	5
Beaconlight	3	8
Little Dipper	64	119
Bixshoote	18	32
Blackford	2	6
Greysand	18	45
Soft Thing	8	37
Nigger Minstrel 176		407
Cranby	1	5
Jomsborg	9	39
Kowloon	1	19
Western Star	1	2
Daffodil	1	3
Rushton	1	3
Sandy 110		86
Jock Scott 178		194
	677	1237

For win, $46.50; for place, first $15.20; second, $11.20; third, $21.30. Members' sweep—first, 197; second, 472; third, 487. Unplaced —203, 255, 335, 177, 7, 137, 225, 210 94, 491, 37, 695, 190, 273, 71, 276 and 362.

2.—The China Cup.—Winner Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies that have never been raced previous to January 1 1919, that have started at this meeting and that have never won a race, and for griffins of this meeting Griffins, non-winners, allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile.

lbs.
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's bay The Pelican, Mr. Hill .....155—1
Mr. Lamerton's grey Escapade Mr. Springfield ..153—2
Sir Paul's ches. Albion Dahlia, Mr. C. R. Burkill .....155—3
Messrs. W. A. W. and Gussie's grey White Fox, late Sans Merci, Mr. White .....147—0
Mr. McBain's grey Golden Plume, Mr. Dalgarno..158—0
„ R. Macgregor's bay Red Coat, Mr. Bremner ...149—0

Won by two lengths; half a length. Time—2:09 3-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place
Red Coat	20	39
White Fox	32	98
The Pelican 567		599
Escapade 123		146
Albion Dahlia 104		143
Golden Plume 75		215
	921	1240

For win, $7.10; for place, first, $5.60; second, $7.60; third, $7.70. Members' sweep—first, 477; second, 671; third, 629. Unplaced —284, 557 and 316.

3.—The Shanghai Stakes.—Winner, Tls. 500 and a Cup presented by the Shanghai Race Club in commemoration of Armistice Day. Second, Tls. 200. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies. Ponies that have started in a race of three-quarter mile or over at this meeting and not won a race at this meeting allowed 5 lbs. Griffins of this meeting allowed 7 lbs. Allowances not accumulative.—One Mile and a Half.

lbs.
Mr. John Peel's grey Silver Streak, Mr. Johnstone 152—1
„ Sutterle's ches. Castlewood, Mr. Vida .....155—2
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's bay The Corncrake, Mr. Hill .....149—3

Won by a head; many lengths. Time—3:19 3-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Silver Streak 141		63
Castlewood 696		337
The Corncrake 83		57
	920	457

For win, $28.70; for place, first, $32.60.

Members' sweep—first, 274; second, 627; third, 705.

4.—The Pagoda Cup.—Winner, Tls. 250. Second, Tls. 100. Third, Tls. 75. For subscription griffins of this meeting. Ponies not qualified unless they remain the property of the original owner or owners. Winners 7 lbs. extra. (Jockey Allowance). —One Mile and a Quarter.

lbs.
Mr. Manningham's brown Vulcanite, Mr. Dalgliesh .....155—1
„ Mem's ches. Young Alf, Mr. C. R. Burkill ....155—2
„ Chaucer's bay Pilgrim, Mr. Bremner .....162—3
„ Risk's grey Co-insurance, Mr. Warmsley..155—0
Messrs. Mailliw and Leon's ches. Torsk, Mr. Braad-Sorensen .....152—0
Mr. Stubbs' bay Saey Tai, Mr. Dalgarno .....161—0
„ H. B. L. Dowbiggin's grey Windermere, Mr. Springfield .....155—0
Messrs. Harry and Joe's grey Flashy Thing, Mr. Vida .....152—0
Sir Ellis Kadoorie's brown Java Chief, Mr. Hill ..158—0
Mr. Seth's ches. Jumbo, Mr. Knoll .....152—0
Messrs. Sky and Hickling's grey Leszek, Mr. Sweeting .....148—0
Mr. Hulthen's brown Privateer, Mr. Hulthen ..152—0
„ Cire's dun Flashlight Mr. Taylor .....150—0
Messrs. Fash and St. Andrew's black Dice Box, Mr. Cox .....155—0

Won by a neck; half a length. Time—2:46 2-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Windermere	8	34
Co-insurance 282		480
Torsk	6	18
Jumbo	17	46
Pilgrim 284		379
Young Alf	399	590
Java Chief	69	194
Leszek	9	27
Flashy Thing	12	50
Dice Box	8	40
Vulcanite	45	127
Saey Tai	2	33
Flashlight	8	13
Privateer	2	11
	1151	2042

For win, $112.50; for place, first, $14.70; second, $7.10; third, $8.20. Members' sweep—first, 404; second, 518; third, 671. Unplaced —753, 624, 680, 585, 885, 893, 341, 814, 390, 524 and 124.

5.—The Llama Miau Stakes.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies. Winners at this meeting, 5 lbs. extra. Unplaced starters at this meeting allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey Allowance).—Two Miles.

lbs.
Messrs. Sky and Hickling's brown Hallow E'en, Mr. Johnstone .....161—1
Mr. Bahnchild's ches. Scala, Mr. Crokam .....153—2
„ H. G. Robinson's ches. Sans Peur, Mr. Bremner .....150—3
„ Ezra's grey Rosewood, Mr. Vida .....150—0
„ E. S. Hine grey Majuba, Mr. Hine .....147—0
„ M. O. Springfield, ches. Wild Cat, Mr. Springfield .....156—0
„ Renniks's grey Rouble, Mr. Sleap .....152—0
„ F. S. Gibbings's grey Standard Dahlia Mr. Dalgliesh .....164—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's grey The Bulbul, Mr. Hine .....150—0
„ Toeg and Speelman's grey Night Hawk, Mr. Knoll .....147—0
Mr. Dem's white Old Joe, Mr. Poulsen .....157—0
„ Jedfert's skew Le Rhin, Siffert .....147—0
„ Birdrake's grey Seahawk, Mr. Hind .....155—0

Won by four lengths; one length. Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Scala	64	179
Wild Cat	9	18
Rouble 115		286
Majuba	3	19
Le Rhin	4	13
Night Hawk	63	104
Hallow E'en 197		221
The Bulbul	82	147
Sans Peur	55	115
Standard Dahlia ...451		707
Seahawk	1	11
Rosewood 350		383

(Continued on Page 7)

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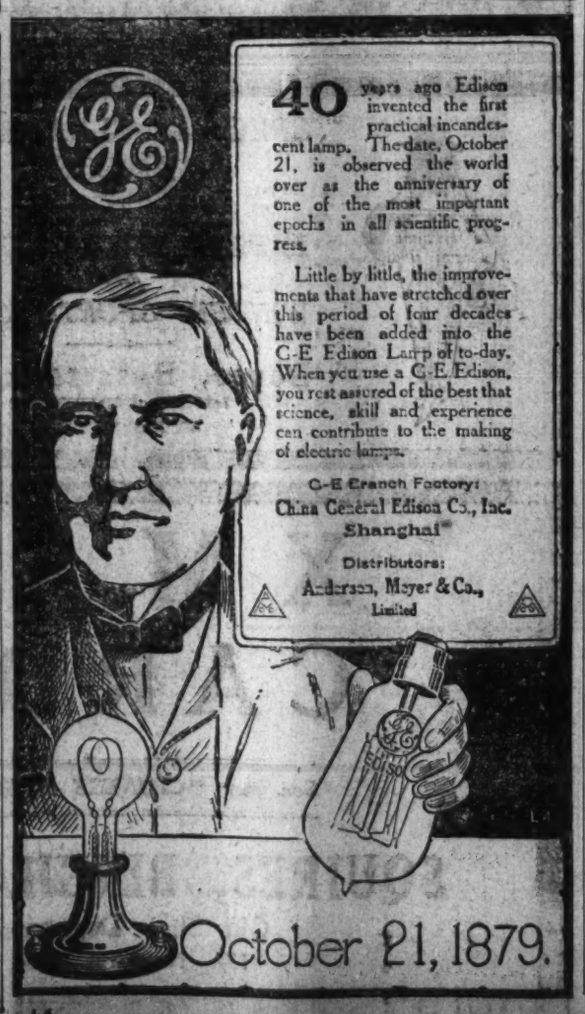
40 years ago Edison invented the first practical incandescent lamp. The date, October 21, is observed the world over as the anniversary of one of the most important epochs in all scientific progress.
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During the War Bovril was so indispensable to the soldiers, wounded, and the people in the United Kingdom that it had to be retained in the British Isles where it is made, or sent to the fighting fronts.

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Gold Flake brand has not only been a favourite at home but won great popularity on the Western Front during the War.
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LOCAL ELEVENS WIN FROM COLLEGE TEAMS

Football Club Beats St. John's And Recs Defeat Nanyang

The Shanghai Football Club's visit to St. John's University yesterday afternoon proved disastrous for the homesters—for the visitors carried away the honors of the day by a score of 5 to 1. The S. F. C. turned not as advertised and, with a strong eleven had little difficulty with the students. Early in the game, which was very fast, Johns of the S. F. C. unfortunately met with an accident, but with this handicap, the visitors still continued to press and it was not until fifteen minutes from the end of the game that the pressure was eased.

The S.F.C. have to thank Forshaw for three goals, Robertson for one and the St. John's back for the fifth tally. The students scored their lone point five minutes before the whistle blew for full time.

The St. John's can boast good men in their center forward and two wing men.

RECS BEAT NANYANG

The Shanghai Recreation Club defeated Nanyang College yesterday afternoon by 2 to 0 in a fast game at Nanyang.

The game favored cuptie style and was about the hardest the college boys have had for many a long day.

WAGERS BEING LAID ON WRESTLING BOUT

Sporting Circles Taking Great Interest In Match At Victoria Tomorrow

Sporting circles are intensely interested in the wrestling match that is to take place tomorrow night at the Victoria theater and many wagers are said to have been laid. Wiliam Berne, star in the New York wrestling tournament, and Noor Mohamed, known as "The terror of wrestlers," have been matched in a championship bout for a purse of $1,000. Both men are said to be in the pink of condition and a contest worth while is anticipated.

Three good preliminaries are promised by the promoters.

The program will begin at 9:15 o'clock.

American Football Line-Up Announced

University Stars On Shanghai Team To Meet Sailors And Soldiers

Probable line-up of the Shanghai American intercollegiate football team which is planning a series of three or more games here shortly was announced yesterday.

The Shanghai team is to contest with teams from the U.S.S. Wilmington, U.S.S. Elcano and Tientsin West Pointers. The dates for the [illegible]

Castlewood Favorite In Champion Sweep

(Continued from Page 6)

Old Joe 14 38

1408 2344

For win, $31.40; for place, first, $12.70; second, 18.90; third, $26.60. Members' sweep—first 1036; second, 955; third, 675. Unplaced—778, 35, 923, 924, 1031, 709, 797, 624, 879 and 412.

6.—The Rubicon Plate.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies, griffins of this meeting. Winners 7 lbs. extra. Griffins that arrived in Shanghai after August 1, 1919, allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile and a Quarter.

	lbs.	
Mr. Jeromi's roan Tatouillard, Mr. Wuilumier	160	—1*
Mr. J. Spunt's ches. Last Call II, Mr. Johnstone	157	—1*
Mr. Sutterle's ches. Castlesand, Mr. Vida	152	—2
Messrs. W. A. W. and Gussie's ch. White Streak, Mr. Warmsley	158	—0
Mr. McBain's grey Golden Plume, Mr. Dalgarno	157	—0
Capt. Bahnson's black Aalborg, Mr. Crokam	158	—0
Mr. S. B. M. Bremner's br. Cyrano, Mr. Bremner	155	—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's gr. The Hawfinch, Mr. Hill	156	—0
Mr. Hulthen's ches. Prairiewind, Mr. Hulthen	147	—0

*dead heat.

Dead heat; Castlesand six lengths behind.

Time—2:43 4-5.

Pari-mutuel.

	Win.	Place.
White Streak	14	46
Prairiewind	11	23
Tatouillard	588	645
Aalborg	42	82
Last Call II	494	504
Golden Plume	34	149
The Hawkfinch	103	278
Catslesand	304	404
Cyrano	21	57
	1611	2188

For win, $6.40, $6.60 Dead heat; for place, $6.10; 2nd $6.30; 3rd $6.70.

Members' sweep.—1st 199; 2nd 1004 Dead heat; 3rd 64; Unplaced.—728, 286, 96, 973, 1164 and 333.

7.—The Racing Stakes.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies that have never been raced previous to January 1, 1919. Winner of the Shanghai St. Leger, 1919, 10 lbs. extra. Other winners at this meeting 5 lbs. extra. Penalties not accumulative. Unplaced starters at this meeting allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile and a Quarter.

	lbs.	
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman's ch. Wilson, Mr. Knoll	152	—1
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's gr. The Heron, Mr. Hill	153	—2
Messrs. Sky and Hickling's grey Mazurek, Mr. J. K. Brand	155	—3
Mr. G. H. Potts's grey Fighting King, Mr. C. R. Burkill	155	—0
Mr. Cemos's black Black [illegible]		

Hayes	152	—0
Mr. Fennell's bay Knutsford, Mr. Sleap	155	—0
Mr. Edmund's bay Tahu, Mr. Knoll	155	—0
Mr. Ginurba's grey Barleux, Mr. Cox	149	—0
Messrs. Brand Bros' brown Goodenough, Mr. Brand	158	—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's skew The Pewit, Mr. Taylor	157	—0
Mr. Ciro's brown Twinklight, Mr. Hulthen	147	—0
Mr. Tedally's chestnut Emmagee, Mr. Dalgarno	156	—0
Mr. W. S. Jackson's dun Oronoco, Mr. Dalgliesh	152	—0
Mr. Jedfert's black Durme, Mr. Siffert	150	—0
Mr. John Peel's chestnut Blotting Paper, Mr. Johnstone	152	—0
Dynasty's grey King David, Mr. Wingrove	159	—0
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill's chestnut Forglen, Mr. Heard	150	—0
Mr. Blix's chestnut Altair, Mr. Crokam	152	—0
Mr. C. R. Burkill's grey Wargrave, Mr. Pinkerton	150	—0
Middy and Co.'s bay All Red, Mr. Vida	155	—0

Won by half a length; one length. Time—1:51 3-5.

Pari-mutuel.

	Win.	Place.
Lightning Raider	17	35
Blotting Paper	86	120
King David	5	12
The Pewit	1	3
Oronoco	60	120
Sceasplana	852	888
Knutsford	19	28
Goodenough	53	89
All Black	110	216
Inniskilling	7	34
Wargrave	3	8
Complaint	10	16
Re-insurance	6	23
Sumatra Chief	155	259
Altair	3	24
Barleux	1	6
Popiel	1	7
Golden Fluff	5	12
Tahu	9	25
Twinklelight	2	5
Mafeking	6	15
Durme	3	8
All Red	42	76
Forglen	3	8
Emmagee	7	18
	1466	2060

For win, $41.60; for place, 1st $9.50, 2nd $6.30; 3rd $171.60

Cash Sweep.—1st 196; 2nd 1070; 3rd 367; Unplaced.—1173, 794, 175, 624, 900, 722, 706, 282, 632, 842, 758, 250, 759, 878, 347, 579, 122, 809, 969, 514, 535 and 298.

Here Are The Numbers That Were Once Winner

With the drawing for the Champions Sweepstakes coming this afternoon, it is interesting to recall the numbers that won prizes at the last two meetings.

Here they are:

November, 1918

Rosewood	14974
Silver Streak	7213
Castlefield	12911

May, 1919

Castlefield	13795
Castlewood	13515
Silver Streak	3878

Tennis At French Club

The following are the results of the games played yesterday in the French Club tennis tournament:

In the ladies hardcourt singles Mrs. Elmore beat Mrs. Brauns, 8-6 and 6-4; Miss Vale beat Mrs. Nazer (walkover).

In the men's hardcourt singles, second round, Mr. J. Hargreaves beat Mr. L. R. Wheen, 6-3 and 7-5; Mr. J. Elmore beat Mr. J. Tong, 6-2 and 6-0; Mr. W. S. A. Pott beat Mr. C. W. Atkinson, 5-7, 6-1 and 6-2.

In men's hardcourt doubles Messrs. Elmore and Martin defeated Messrs. Wootten and Ollerdesson, 6-2, 6-0; Messrs. A. I. Stewart and Atkinson won from Messrs. Butchart and Bourne, 6-4, 6-4.

Osaka Profiteers Apparently Immune

Outcry Is Not Followed By Prosecutions And Prices Are Still Soaring

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, November 11.—In spite of the general outcry, the prosecution of profiteers has not yet been carried out and it now seems unlikely that it ever will. At Osaka, cotton yarn has soared to over 700 yen which is seven times prewar prices. Cotton yarn is only one example of the inflated prices of many essential commodities, and the pinch is keenly felt by wage-earners and salaried men.

On the contrary, the 'so-called "Narikins," profiteers and professional company promotors are doubling their fortunes. Company promoting in the fashion of the day. Capital instead of being timid has become most daring. The newspapers every day are full of advertisements of new capital issues, many of them exceeding 10,000,000 yen.

Shanghai's Italians In Tribute To King

Shanghai's Italian community hung out flags and celebrated generally with closed shops and a holiday in honor of the birthday of King Emanuel III. The recently arrived Italian submarine chasers, moored a short space above the Garden bridge, were in gala colors and a big reception was held in the forenoon by Mr. G. de Rossi, Italian Consul-General, to all Italians and friends.

Your Health Comes First

Good Health is your most valuable asset;—its preservation should, therefore, receive your most careful consideration. An important point which should always be borne in mind is the fact that a great many forms of ill-health can be traced, directly or indirectly, to disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is wise, therefore, to keep these organs in healthy activity. When they show any signs of derangement let that reliable medicine, Beecham's Pills, be taken at once. Always deal with digestive ailments in time. They are far-reaching in their possibilities of mischief if neglected, as they too often are. And yet it is generally easy to keep fit and well and free from many debilitating ailments by the simple use of

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1/1½ (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

Wherever You Go— Go on Goodyear Tyres

Goodyear Tyres outwear, outdistance and outeconomize most others.

They have unusual inherent resiliency, strength and durability.

They are made to satisfy and protect users—not to be sold at a low competitive price.

Undoubtedly they are the most efficient tyres known for delivering long mileage at low ultimate cost, however, and that is what counts.

We recommend that you fit the famous All-Weather Tread "Goodyears" to your car and watch results.

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FAR EASTERN DIVISION INC.
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Also obtainable at our sub-agent
Fei Lung Garage
'Phone, Central 4133

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FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hour $1 20-minutes
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ROAD, SHANGHAI

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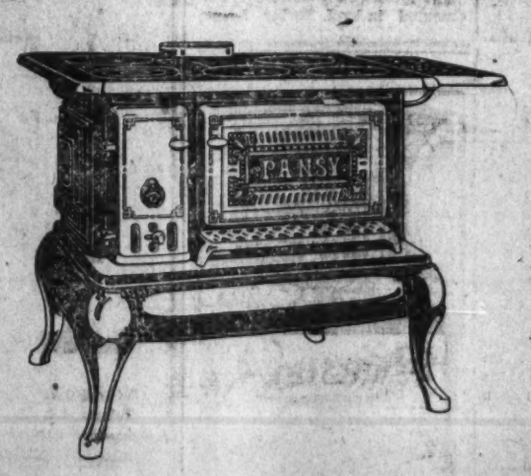
"PANSY" Ranges
Fitted For Coal or Wood Fuel.
With or without Hot Water Reservoir.



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Shanghai, Tientsin, Hongkong, Canton, Hankow, Harbin.

US BOYS — Lucky Shrimp Has A Ventilated Cap — By McNamara

HA, HA, HA, OH MERCY.- THE KING OF THE MAY!:- OH MERCY!
AW, I COULDNT HELP IT!:- EMILY MORTON WENT AND COPPED MY UNCLE DAVE AND WOULDNT GIVE HIM BACK TO ME.!
OH MERCY - THE SWEET LIL' SISSY KING OF THE MAY!
AW I COULDNT HELP IT!:- I HADDA BE IT OR EMILY WOULDNT GIVED ME UNCLE DAVE BACK!
GOO-BI YOU DEAR SWEET DARLING KING OF THE MAY, TA, TA!
MJ
TOM McNAMARA

Mothers should try

Benger's Food for themselves. Those who are nursing will find the greatest benefit for both themselves and infant.

Take the Benger's Food between meals, as an *addition* to the daily diet. It promotes a high state of nutrition and a full supply of natural milk.

BENGER'S Food

although among the 'lightest' foods known, is all nutriment. It may be flavoured with tea, chocolate, or coffee, for a change.

From a Lady M.D., L.R.C.P. L.R.C.S. Ed., L.P.P.S. Glasgow.

Dr. — considers it invaluable for a nursing mother, especially for taking during the night, when an easily assimilated food is required."

Benger's Food is sold in tins by Chemists, etc., everywhere.

Full particulars and Directions with each tin. Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers:

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o em- been Our s seri- atives, years, e pos- , and to in- edient e have umber nglish from reach 1918. from tively ply as ought, s not Barber at pro- of the a few which Hotel ase of It is st im- s that attend an is chair- pinners Ltd., a have Herbert rom the He was Control the Man- and the

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s.Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Reed, Mrs. F. X. Gutierrez, Miss C. Gutierrez, Mr. A. D. Roberts.

Per C.N. s.s. Fengtien for Chefoo: Dr. Elterich, Mr. and Mrs. Richard; for Tientsin: Miss A. Evans.

Per C.N. s.s. Shantung for Hongkong: Lieut. E. R. Manley, Lieut. Eugley, Messrs. H. W. Kent, H. B. Joseph, C. M. Cottrell, J. D. Rossolymos, Sanlanmise.

Per I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo for Nanking: Mr. T. W. R. Johns; for Wuhu: Mrs. S. Rozario; for Kiukiang: Mr. G. A. Anundson; for Hankow: Mrs. Hamster and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Dodwell, Messrs. Burtwell, W. W. Rowland, E. W. Doyle, A. Taylor.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kianghsin from Hankow: Mr. H. C. Flower.

Per C.M. s.s. Haean from Foochow: Mr. Miner.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru from Japan: Misses J. H. Fox, S. Bassis, Mr. and Mrs. N. Leashin, Mrs. G. Feis and child, Mrs. H. Holverk, Mr. and Mrs. K. Krajewshi, Mrs. P. Christianson, Messrs. E. A. Foote, Berastein, Selivonoff, N. S. Hetrova, O. Inkovsky, J. Ranmsay, J. Cromward, E. Kempffer, H. Hashagen, A. Pirovans, Okamura, Hashimoto, Mikami, Oshima, Tsukahara, Tanabe, Saito, Hiroe, Shibusawa, Adachi, Uchida, Ohka.

Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx from Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. Habereo, Mr. and Mrs. Carino, Miss Tsiang, Col. Tching, Mr. and Mrs. Hoo Mei Teh and 3 children, Miss Boread, Mr. and Mrs. Pachert, Miss Peterson, Messrs. Ch. Brigola, Sisterny, Taseri Tai, Yei, Gebit and 3 children, Won Tchiakme, J. Chenard, Samaignan, Glamcher, Vieroy, Wang Mao-mung, W. Meat, Johanes, Pichlew, Mrs. Hale; from Colombo: Mr. C. J. Iterrat; from Singapore: Mrs. Fong, Miss Olga Vilkammund, Messrs. Wang, A. Bari, Fong Mem-yu, John Foset, Forset; from Saigon: Messrs. Eilu Clader Wia Seekail, from Haiphong: Mrs. and Miss Rathwin, Mr. C. G. Chan; from Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. Prottages, Miss Wael, Mrs. A. C. V. Flower, Mrs. D. H. Cook, Messrs. M. Cevy, Tseng Loung, Mr. and Mrs. Evy, Miss B. Cook, Mrs. A. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Leggatt and child, Mrs. Foulend de Dacfau, Miss C. Xautos, Messrs. Æurigue, Dierce.

Per C.M. s.s. China from San Francisco: Mr. and Mrs. L. Dye, Mr. and Mrs. V. S. and Miss Marion Giles and infant, Mrs. W. Howell, Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Hutchison, Misses M. R. Jepson, A. S. Johnson, E. J. Kiaer, I. M. Kiaer, A. A. Matthias, M. F. Mayo, A. and E. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. Lowe Ming-siar, Miss Lowe Ginnding, Master Lowe Roland Chungtak, Mrs. G. Moffat, Mr. and Mrs. Chi Ying-nieh, Master. Alex and Benjamin Nieh, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. L. Osstreicher, Mr. and Mrs. John Oss, Capt. Jas. Reiss, Mr. and Mrs. T. Rousseau, Elizabeth and Morrison Rousseau, Rev. and Mrs. L. Schwartzkoff, Mrs. Emma Sem, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Staetmans, Capt. A. Svenson, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Turner and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. and Miss E. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. S. I. Woodbridge, Messrs. T. H. Chen, C. C. Hsu, R. B. Jopson, F. A. Kimes, C. H. King, H. K. Kwan, K. Lee, S. K. Li, F. Mangloes, K. T. May, T. S. Sih, H. W. Sun, P. Sze, D. B. Walker, K. P. Wang, H. Wetzel, Wong Hong, H. Z. Zee; through passengers for Hongkong: Rev. and Mrs. W. J. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Comer, Mstr. H. and Miss R. Comer, Mrs. L. Dunbar, Mrs. Geo. Enoch, Misses E. Gayman, V. Lamont, N. O. Scott, Rev. and Mrs. C. E. Heise, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. and Miss R. Hilmer and infant, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Kent, Mr. and Mrs. La Ah-chong, Miss La Mouei, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McKellar, Mrs. S. S. Wong and infant, Mrs. A. B. and Miss I. Xiques, Messrs. H. E. Bondi, A. Hahn, C. C. Huang, J. Jefferrys, K. C. and T. C. Lau, C. H. Li, F. Long, W. C. Lyman, H. L. McCutchen, P. Marshall, T. Rasmussen, R. O. Scott, E. C. Tai, R. Taylor, M. Teague, S. Y. Yan, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Youngberg and infant.

BRASS COPPER

Sheets	Sheets
Wire	Wire
Round Rods	Round Rods
Hexagon Rods	Seamless
Condensor Tubes	Drawn Tubes

Permanently Large Stocks.

T. E. M. A.
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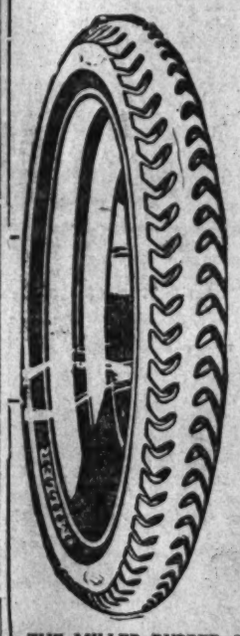

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get a firm grip and hold on, preventing both
SKIDS AND SIDE SLIPS

The big, sharp gear teeth can't slide on a wet, slimy surface. They cut down through the film to the roadway beneath.

The tire with the natural vegetable wax and oil retained in the cotton fabric.

THE MILLER RUBBER CO
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Sole Agents
Dodge & Seymour (China), Ltd.

REAL CASHMERE
MOTOR AND TRAVELLING
RUGS
IN BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS
MACBETH, GRAY & COMPANY

event was held on Friday evening in the Dining Room of the Club Annex. There was a fine attendance and numerous suggestions for the program were put forward. Given fine weather the Gymkhana is certain to be the success predicted. In the early morning horses or ponies are taken out for an airing and to judge from the speed of those raced along the sands, the pony races should be the main features of Saturday week's fixture.

* * *

A movement is being started to obtain a decent Recreation Ground for Chefoo. The one we now possess is utilised in the summer months by the six tennis courts and in the winter the skating rink takes up the space of the courts. In other words the remainder of the ground is inadequate for football cricket or hockey. These games and matches when held, have to be played on the China Inland Mission Boys' School playing field. While there seems to be no hesitation on the part of the School faculty to lending the ground, it is hardly the thing to be continually applying to them and the movement for acquiring a good sized ground is certain to be supported. It is thought that the ground should not be exclusively for the use of foreigners but that the Chinese schools and colleges should also be permitted to use it. If the wealthy Chinese assist in purchasing the required area there should be no difficulty in securing a suitable stretch of land for recreation purposes. It is a crying need and Chefoo should remedy its defect as soon as possible.

Vanity Fair Company

A season of frivolity is promised by the Vanity Fair Company which opens its engagement at the Lyceum Theater next Tuesday. It is to be a musical revue full of novelty and originality with distinctive dancing and catchy songs. The cast includes Eileen Boyd, Shirley Cooke and Leslie Holmes.

England we have to pay from 300 to 350 percent more for our equipment than we did in the early part of 1914. And coal we formerly bought for $3 a ton now costs us $9.

"The cost of production has been increased not only by the tremendous increases in equipment costs, but by the attitude of labor as well. Working hours have been reduced from fifty-five and a half a week to forty-eight. Wages paid mill operatives today average 145 percent greater than they did during pre war periods. And our labor is not as efficient. Many of our young men, just arriving at maximum proficiency, were called to the army, and while a large percentage of those who returned to England have re-entered the mills, there are enough of them gone into other industries to have affected the production materially."

Mr. Nasmith's statements were concured in by J. Barber Lomax Great Lever Spinning Company, Ltd.

The PARISIEN Café
Cuisine and Service
DINNERS DANCING
CAFÉ PARISIEN'S JAZZ ORCHESTRA EVERY EVENING
25 AVENUE EDOUARD VII, PHONE C. 1915

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Save Current
Last Longest
Brightest Light

Guarantee British Manufacture
Strongest and Best

The General Electric Co. (of China), Ltd.
(SHANGHAI—HONGKONG—HANKOW—TIENTSIN)
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RUGS
SANTARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

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CIGARETTES

EVERY CONNOISSEUR ENJOYS THE BEAUTY

WHY NOT YOU?

SOLD EVERYWHERE
NANYANG BROS. TOBACCO CO

To conform with U. S. Postal regulations all advertisements of Wines, Spirits and Liquors have been removed.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1919

Shanghai Race Club

Autumn Race Meeting, 1919.

TO-DAY

Third Day, Champions Day, Wednesday, 12th November,

The Races will commence at 11:30 a.m. Prompt To-day.

The First Bell after Tiffin will be rung at 2 p.m. Prompt.

Race Badges giving admission to the unreserved part of the enclosure may be obtained at the gate.

Price $2 each

The Tiffin Interval will be After The Third Race.

Tiffins and Refreshments will be served at the Course.

For Members & Grand Stand Ticket Holders—In the Coffee Room.

For the Public—In the Public Refreshment Rooms.

Race Tickets and Badges Must Be Worn Visibly.

The Public Band and The Carlton Jazz Orchestra will Render Popular Music During The Afternoon.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.

26303

Shanghai Race Club

AUTUMN RACE MEETING, 1919

NOTICE

Only Bank-notes issued by the following Banks in Shanghai will be accepted at this Race Meeting:—

Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China.
Bank of China (Shanghai New issue only).
Bank of Communications (Shanghai New Issue only).
Bank of Taiwan.
Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger.
Banque de l'Indo-Chine.
Banque Industrielle de Chine.
Commercial Bank of China.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.
International Banking Corporation.
Mercantile Bank of India.
Netherlands Trading Society (Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij).
Ningpo Commercial Bank.
Russo-Asiatic Bank.
Yokohama Specie Bank.
Bank of Canton.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

26263

FOOCHOW—The Ningshin S. S. Co's. Steamer "NINGSHIN"

Captain J. Augestad, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund, Nantao, on Tuesday the 12th November, at about 9:00 p.m. Passage money, Shanghai to Foochow, $30 single and $48 return. For freight or passage apply to the San Peh S. N. Co., Ltd., No. 16a Peking Road.

26277

GOVERNMENT INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(Formerly Nanyang College)

SHANGHAI, CHINA.

We beg, hereby, to warn the Public against a forged chop of this Institute, recently brought to our notice. The Treasurer's Superintendent's Secretary's or Librarian's office, hereafter, has each a chop for receiving money, valuable mails or parcels.

Government Institute of Technology
November 11, 1919.

26310

NOTICE

We have been appointed Sole Agents for Messrs. Colgate & Company's Products as and from November 1st, 1919.

HARVIE, COOKE & CO.
13 Hankow Road.

26305

Dr. S. S. Shpilberg, M.D.

ber, 1919, therefore we will not be remove his office on 14th November to

45 BOONE ROAD

24927

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Mr. V. Dimitroff is no longer our Agent for Shanghai as from 15th September 1919, therefore we will not be responsible for any contracts settled by that gentleman in our name from that date.

I. I. Tsuchurin & Co.
of Harbin.

Harbin, 3rd November, 1919

26309

Conseil D'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

Emprunt Municipal de 1911
(Obligations à 6%)

Aucune opération de transfert ne sera enregistrée du 17 au 30 Novembre inclus.

Par ordre,
Le Secrétaire du Conseil,
P. LEGENDRE.

FRENCH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Municipal Loan of 1911
(6% Debentures)

Transfer books for the above loan will be closed from 17th to 30th November, both days inclusive.

By order,
P. LEGENDRE,
Secretary.

26272

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.

Special consideration to men in uniform.

[redacted]

The North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The Sixteenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 18th November 1919, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to 30th June last.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 7th to 18th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the
Court of Directors,
H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary & General Manager.

Shanghai, 4th November, 1919.

26178

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will open at 9 a.m. and close at 11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 10th, 11th and 12th November on account of Autumn Race Meeting.

26206

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

Money Cannot Buy More

It's made a real hit, and no wonder with such a beautiful Crepe de Chine. Hand-made, pure, in its original shade, it is offered to you in one piece, ten yards long and twenty six inches wide. Makes beautiful shirts. As a present for either sex what better article could you choose? There is sufficient Crepe in the piece to make the most beautiful dresses. For women's underwear it can't be beat. Think of the memories this Crepe brings to its owner. Think of the distance from whence it comes. Think of Marco Polo, of Kublai Kahn, of Kings, Queens and Millionaires. The richest people in the world cannot buy, any finer, more pliable, silk than this Crepe de Chine. The price of twenty dollars per piece is within reach of all. Send along your cheque or Chinese postal money order, and we will at once mail you one piece of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. If you really want to be keen, send her a piece of Crepe de Chine.

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Chungking, West China.

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WITH

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No. 8 Kiukiang Road.

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

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W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

SEE THE BABY FOX

The latest and most compact Portable Typewriter on the market. Will do the work of a standard-size machine. A combination typewriter for home, office and travel.

Specifications: Weight 7 lbs., backspacer, two-color ribbon, variable line spacer, writes 84 characters, stencil device, movable page fingers, handsome leather carrying case, outside measurements of case 12-ins. by 12-ins. by 4½-ins.

PRICE $85.00

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Phone: Central 4778 SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT 22 Nanking Rd. Shanghai Cable Address: Mackbar

Stewart V-RAY SEARCHLIGHT

A Real Searchlight for Every Car

It is designed with scientific accuracy to project an intense, piercing "searchlight" beam.

Distributors and service station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

CHIROPRACTIC

CHIROPRACTIC (KI-RO-PRAK-TIK) is a scientific method of removing the cause of disease (acute or chronic) without the aid of drugs, surgery, or appliances. The science of Chiropractic is based upon a correct knowledge of brain, spine, spinal cord and nerves emanating therefrom.

If others failed to relieve you, why remain sick and suffer!

Try Chiropractic Spinal Adjustment and get well

Dr. P. S. Kawaguchi, D.C., Ph.,C. Chiropractor
Graduate of Palmer School of Chiropractic,
(Chiropractic Fountain Head) U. S. A.
Office: 71 Szechuen Road
(on the same floor as Toyo Kisen Kaisha or Oriental Steamship Co.)
OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Except Sundays. Send for booklet.
Licentiate of States of North Dakota, Washington, U.S.A. and also Japan.
Complete X-Ray Laboratory for Spinograph work now established.
Main Office: 51 Main St., Yokohama, Japan. 26271

BONDHOLDERS OF I.S.S. PREMIUM BONDS

In that Saturday, November 15th, is a Race Holiday

THE MONTHLY DRAWING

Will take place Monday, November 17th at 2 p.m.
At The Head Office, Avenue Edouard VII.

Bondholders and Friends Invited to Attend

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY
Head Office: 5 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai.

See that you have your heating Circuits ready before the cold weather sets in, and the rush for

Electric Heaters

STARTS

A special rate of Tls. 0.04 per unit is made for heating and cooking apparatus, so take advantage of this low rate and heat your house electrically.

For further information, apply at

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

Russia Offers

Great Opportunities in the near future

Learn Russian.
Classes Organised
by
S. A. DAVIDOVICH
at the
Russian Assembly, 10 Kiukiang Road.

For particulars, please apply between 5:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. or write to C.P.O. Box No. 104.

26236.

Dr. R. Holper M.D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.

85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)

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25580

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26150

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DR. K. HONMA
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Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
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Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, ground floor of about 1,400 square feet, Central district, suitable for offices or godown. Long lease. Apply to Box 338, THE CHINA PRESS.

26312 N. 14

DESK room with use of telephone, for rent, by week or month, offered by large business house located in central district. Apply Box. 341 THE CHINA PRESS.

WILL rent deskroom in large office, central district Tls. 20 Apply Box 342 THE CHINA PRESS.

STORE to let, best location in foreign district in Nanking Road, with long lease and moderate rate of rent. Apply to Box 314, THE CHINA PRESS.

26247 N. 19

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road, ground floor, four very large rooms with godowns; also have to let several suites of offices, from one to four rooms, in other buildings Central district, near this office. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26136

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens.
Board. Residence.
Apply
Mrs. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished flat, with private bathroom. Excellent cuisine, telephone, garage. Apply to Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.

Oriental House

31 Boone Road.

Two large rooms, one front, one back, also one small room, facing garden. Hot water with bath attached. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Telephone North 1102.

26221.

FOR RENT: Five room house, furnished, near French Park, Six roomed house, garage attached on Bubbling Well Road. Six roomed house, garage attached on Bubbling Well Road. Six roomed house, garage attached, Avenue Joffre, Several houses, furnished and unfurnished in other districts, Box 339. THE CHINA PRESS.

FOR RENT Modern furnished flat, down-town district, suitable for two couples. Rent Taels 200. For particulars apply Mr. Marble, Grace China Co., forenoons only.

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms, with bathroom and verandah attached, suitable for bachelors, with or without board, in private family. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.

26290 N. 15.

TO LET, nice furnished rooms with bathroom attached. Full board, garage. 304 Avenue Joffre.

26276 N. 12

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST on Car No. 1 between Custom House and Bubbling Well, Sunday evening, one gold cuff button. Liberal reward offered. Apply to Box 335, THE CHINA PRESS.

26297 N. 13.

SITUATIONS VACANT

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING: Secure technical knowlege of this interesting work. Prepare for increasing opportunities in China. I. C. S. possesses facilities for keeping textbooks in pace with rapid developments. We have modern, thorough training in "Complete Automobiles," Automobile Electric Equipment", "Gas Engines," etc. Write for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED by large American firm first class stenographer. Apply to Box 331, THE CHINA PRESS.

26311 N. 13.

WANTED, Chinese interpreter. Exceptional salary offered court interpreter familiar with legal work. Ask for Mr. Linebarger, 1-B Kiukiang Road, corner Bund, after 4 p.m.

z26295 N. 13

WANTED,a lady as mother's help, for few hours daily. Western district. Apply to Box 333, THE CHINA PRESS.

26289 N. 13.

PROOF-READER wanted. One who has had experience in making estimates and as foreman preferred. State salary required, experience and nationality. Apply to Box 329, THE CHINA PRESS.

26273 N. 12

WANTED An English speaking Chinese Mechanical Draughtsman with experience in large engineering works, one having served his time in large railway, mining or shipbuilding shops preferred. Send full particulars of previous experience and references to Box 330, THE CHINA PRESS.

26275 N. 12

SITUATIONS WANTED

EMPLOYERS: Simplify the "Man Wanted" problem by training your own employes for more responsible positions. We have 287 complete courses of practical training. Encourage employes to study in spare time. Ask us to tell you about our "Employers co-operative plan." Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

AMERICAN ENGINEER offers his service for sales work. Energetic and good appearing. Has lived thirteen years in China. Apply to Box 336, THE CHINA PRESS.

26298 N. 13.

FOREIGNER, speaking six languages, good knowledge of import and export business, experienced salesman, reliable accountant and bookkeeper, seeks any position. First-class references. Apply to Box 328, THE CHINA PRESS.

26270 N. 12

THOROUGHLY capable and competent stenographer seeks position. Speed 130-50; moderate salary. Apply to Box 316, THE CHINA PRESS.

26249 N. 15

POSITION as an accountant wanted by a young man with knowledge of bookkeeping and general office work, quick and accurate at figures. Good references. Apply to Box 311, THE CHINA PRESS.

26243 N. 14

FOUND

ONE pair eye-glasses in leather case found near American Post Office. Apply to H. F. Landers, c/o The British Cigarette Co., Ltd. Owner to pay cost of advertisement.

26307 N. 13

HOUSES WANTED

WESTERN Districts preferred, Five roomed or apartment with garage attached or in near vicinity. Will purchase furniture if necessary. Apply Box. 340 THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, furnished or unfurnished house or flat of five to ten rooms, preferably near Central district. Apply to Box 327, THE CHINA PRESS.

26270 N. 12

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, a large six-roomed house in the Wayside district, fully furnished, low rental. Furniture and fittings must be taken over. Apply to Box 324, THE CHINA PRESS.

26267 N. 12

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26137

PROFESSIONAL

WANTED, ladies who wish to learn to drive motor car, by expert lady driver. Apply to Box 326, THE CHINA PRESS.

26269 N. 12

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Ford touring car, recently repainted and overhauled. Tires and car in excellent condition. Price asked, Teals 500. For trial, address to Box 337, THE CHINA PRESS.

26306 A. 14

PHILATELISTS: What offers for the following new issues of German stamps (unused):—Deutsches Reich—pf. 2½ (4), 7½ (4), 10 (2), 15 (2), 20 (2), 40 (2), 75 (1): Deutsche National Versammlung—pf. 10 and 25. Reply to Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
28 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tientsin
Iloilo	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabez."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 2,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,932.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £481,800

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 8 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $3,054,000
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
Sole Stockholders.

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines	Cuba
Shanghai	Manila	Artemiso
Peking	Cebu	Bayamo
Tientsin		Caibarien
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements	Camaguey
Hankow	Singapore	Cardenas
Hongkong		Ciego de Avila
Canton	Colombia	Cienfuegos
Manchuria	Medellin	Cruces
Harbin		Guantanamo
India	Dominican Republic	Havana
Bombay	Santo Domingo	Manzanillo
Calcutta	San Pedro de Macoris	Matanzas
Rangoon		Pinar del Rio
Japan	Sanchez	Placetas
Yokohama	Santiago	Remedios
Kobe	Puerto Plata	Sagua la Grande
Java		Santa Clara
Batavia	Panama	Santiago
Soerabaya	Panama	Sancti Spiritus
	Colon	Union de Reyes
		Yaguajay
Argentina	Russia	
Buenos Aires	Moscow	
Once (Buenos Aires)	Petrograd	
Rosario	Spain	
Brazil	Madrid	
Bahia	Trinidad	
Pernambuco	Port of Spain	
Porto Alegre		
Rio de Janeiro		
Santos		
Sao Paulo		
Chile		
Santiago		
Valparaiso		
Uruguay		
Montevideo		
Venezuela		
Caracas		
Maracaibo		
Siberia		
Vladivostok		
Italy		
Genoa		
Porto Rico		
San Juan		

BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
" Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
	Manila	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Chanchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dalny	Newchwang	Sydney
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokio
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kaiyuen	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kobe		

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 30,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

LI MING, *Manager.*
CHEN SIN TSENG, *Sub-manager.*
ZAI MOH-ZUNG, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG.
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office New York City
Far East, Shanghai,
and Kiangse Roads.

BRANCH OFFICES
Hankow-Hongkong
-Tientsin

[redacted]tion offers an American [redacted]ally solicits your patron-[redacted]for the purpose of fostering [redacted]the Orient and the United [redacted]ormation and TIME of our [redacted]nts are at the disposal of

[redacted], fixed and saving accounts [redacted]s, U.S. Gold, Sterling and

[redacted] purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

Owned and controlled by

The National Park Bank, New York
Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES

SAN FRANCISCO
PARIS
SEATTLE
YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road.

Capital (registered).....	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919).....	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
W.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
M.M.B.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
1 C.	Oct. 2		Matsukaze	Jap. destroyer
2 C.	Oct. 26		Saga	Jap. gun-boat
1 C	Oct. 27		Yodo	Jap. gun-boat
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on November 11, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	20-30
Pomfret	"	25-30
Salmon	"	16-18
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	14-16
Whitebait	"	none

Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	"	40-70
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-90
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	45-50
Pigeons	"	16-18
Quail	"	12-14
Snipe	"	12-14
Teal	"	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	"	25-30
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	16-20
Bananas	"	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-8
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	10-15
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	"	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	50-60
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	"	4-5
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	30-40
Onions	"	8-10
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	4-5
Potatoes	per picul	$3.20-$3.50
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	3-4
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	"	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	"	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.60
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

行銀孚中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital ... $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund ..... $ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 11, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 7/0=Tls. 2.8571
@ exch. 75.2=Mex. $3.7993
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 147¼=Tls. 67.91
@ exch. 75.2=Mex. $90.31
Mex. Dollars: Market rate: 75.0125
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch: Tls. 162
Copper Cash .. per tael 181.700
Native Interest ..... Tls. 12

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 68 9/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London ..Fr. 37.58
Ex., New York on London T.T. G. $4.14¾

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	7/–
London	Demand	7/0 1/16
India	T.T.	342¾
Paris	T.T.	1295
Paris	Demand	1298
New York	T.T.	147
New York	Demand	147¼
Hongkong	T.T.	67
Japan	T.T.	34½
Batavia	T.T.	378
Singapore	T.T.	33¾

Bank's Buying Rates

London	Demand	7/1
London	4 m/s. Cdts.	7/3 1/32
London	4 m/s. Docy.	7/3¾
London	6 m/s. Cdts.	7/4¼
London	6 m/s. Docy.	7/4½
Paris	4 m/s.	1410
New York	o/d. Docy.	149
New York	4 m/s.	155¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 13,500 .... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .... =Mex. $0.98

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR NOVEMBER

Hk. Tls.	2.75	@ 6/6¼	£1
,,	1	@ 1173	Fr. 13.07
,,	0.66	@ 136¼	Gold $1
,,	1	@ 37	Yen 3.01
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees 5.45
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
,,	1	@ —	Roubles —

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, November 11, 1919.

Official
Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.75 Dec.
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 28.50 December

Unofficial
Yangtszepoo Coton (Ord.) Tls. 27.50 December
S'hai Cotton Tls. 320.00 Dec.

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, November 11, 1919.

Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 39.00 November
Tls. 38.60 December
Tls. 40.60 January
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 42.00 November
Tls. 47.30 December
Tls. 48.50 January
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 29.00 December
Tls. 30.00 January
Shanghai Cotton Mfg. Company
Tls. 318.00 December
Tls. 330.00 January
Local Yarn
Water Moon 16's
Tls. 227.00 November
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 229.50 November
Tls. 239.30 January
Tls. 241.50 February
Tls. 244.00 March
Phoenix & Wedding
Tls. 227.00 December
Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 224.00 November
Tls. 227.30 December
Tls. 235.00 February

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London, dated the 6th instant.

Average spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 2s. 6d.

Average spot price standard quality First Crepe 2s. 6d.

Ex warehouse (Singapore) 2s. 5d., 2s. 5d., market very firm.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 10 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Exchange quotations:

Exchange Paris-London	38.055
French War Loans:	
3 percent	60.70
4 percent 1917	71.55
4 percent 1918	71.20
5 percent	88.35

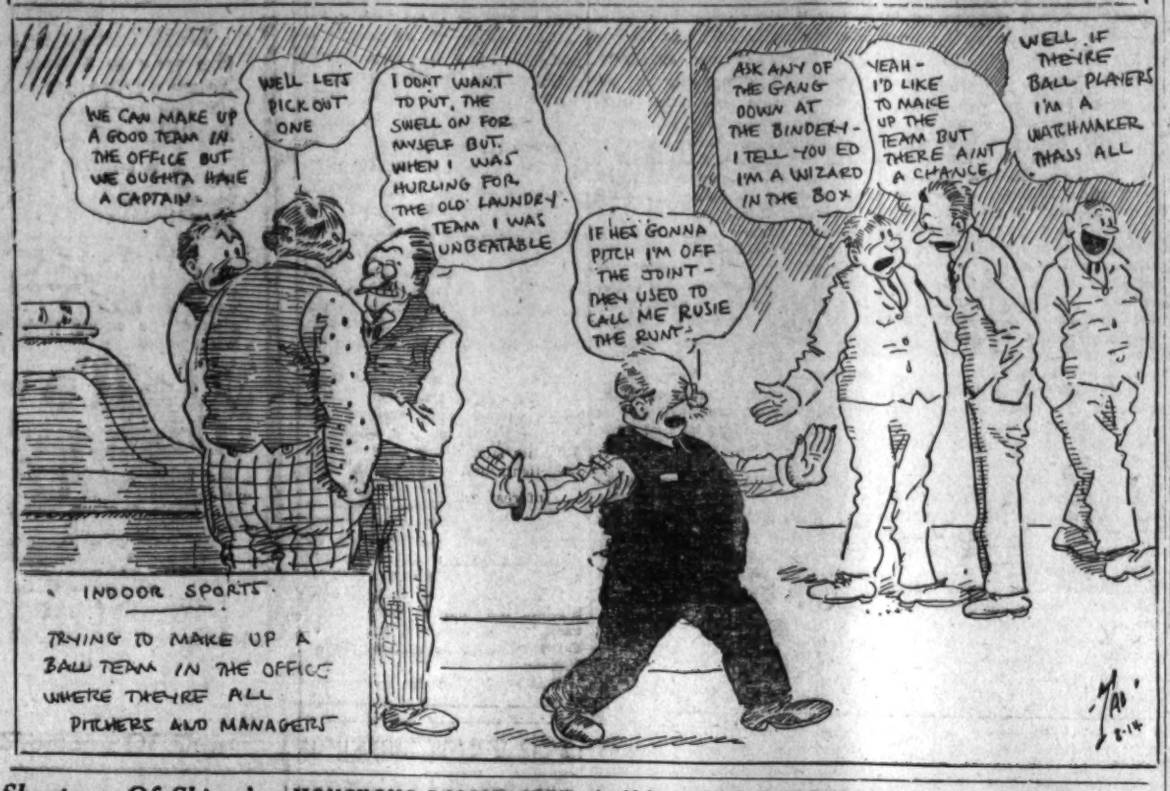
FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 10 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Market quotations:

Marseilles, November 10:	
Green peas: Japan	180
Potato starch	155
Havre, November 8:	
Cotton, First quality	509
Cotton, Second quality	499
Cotton, Third quality	474
Lyons, November 10:	
Raw silks: Cevennes	215
Italy	245
Syria	195
Japan	226
China	250
Canton	182

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad


WE CAN MAKE UP A GOOD TEAM IN THE OFFICE BUT WE OUGHTA HAVE A CAPTAIN.
WELL LETS PICK OUT ONE
I DONT WANT TO PUT THE SMELL ON FOR MYSELF BUT WHEN I WAS HURLING FOR THE OLD LAUNDRY TEAM I WAS UNBEATABLE
IF HES GONNA PITCH I'M OFF THE JOINT - THEY USED TO CALL ME RUSIE THE RUNT.
ASK ANY OF THE GANG DOWN AT THE BINDERY - I TELL YOU ED I'M A WIZARD IN THE BOX
YEAH - I'D LIKE TO MAKE UP THE TEAM BUT THERE AINT A CHANCE
WELL IF THEYRE BALL PLAYERS I'M A WATCHMAKER THASS ALL
INDOOR SPORTS
TRYING TO MAKE UP A BALL TEAM IN THE OFFICE WHERE THEYRE ALL PITCHERS AND MANAGERS
Tad 8-14

Shortage Of Ships' Officers, Engineers Is Felt In Japan

Salaries Doubled And Trebled But Companies Unable To Get Men

Tokio, November 5.—The shortage of ship's officers and engineers continues to be one of the most serious problems for the shipping trade of the country, and the gravity of the situation is realised particularly as regards the ocean trade.

Ship's officers and engineers are known as koto-senin, high-grade seamen, in this country. Those who desire to become koto-senin must take out official certificates. According to the latest investigations, the holders of those certificates numbered 34,376 at the end of November, 1918. Of that number, only 4,301, or about 10 percent, were graduates of the Tokio Mercantile Marine School and other nautical institutions, the remaining 90 percent having acquired the necessary certificates after practical experience at sea as ordinary sailors or stokers. It is mostly the graduates of schools who are serving on board ships on the European and other ocean lines.

At the end of 1918 koto-senin numbered 38,530, as compared with 30,434 at the end of 1914, an increase of 8,096, or about 38 percent. On the other hand, the gross tonnage of all classes of ships at the end of 1918 amounted to about 3,000,000 tons gross, as against 2,500,000 tons gross at the end of 1914, showing an increase of 20 percent.

A considerable number of officers and engineers have abandoned their sea-faring career to start in new occupations with the handsome allowances they were given during the war. On the other hand, about 700,000 tons of new ships will be built this year, and shipping companies have arranged to construct many additional ships. The establishment of new shipping companies has accentuated the shortage of officers and engineers. It is said that the Kokusai Kisen Kaisha has engaged ship's masters and other high-class seamen at double or treble the salaries paid by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha and the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, with the result, it is said, that the N.Y.K. is short of 200 officers and the O.S.K. of 300.

Pawnshop Must Pay For Burned Pledges

Hankow, November 8.—As a result of its branch shop in the native city being burned down during the week end, huge crowds have been besieging a pawn shop on the Hupeh Road at the back of the British Concession, to cash pawn tickets for articles destroyed. As nothing could be obtained the native police quarters next became the object of assault, with the result that the pawn shop was ordered to pay 600 cash for every 1,000 cash ticket. Considering that the pawn shops are generally heavily self-insured, this arrangement, to say the least of it, is peculiar.

HONGKONG POLICE SEEK LAMMA ISLAND PIRATES

Hoklo Outlaws Prey On Fishing Junks Killing Two Sailors On One Of Them

Hongkong, November 7.—Two piracies, believed to have been organised by a gang of Hoklo outlaws, are reported to the police as having occurred on the waters of Lamma Island. The master of a fishing junk reports his junk was sailing off Lamma Island when another junk with twenty Hoklos on board, ordered him to drop sail which he did. The pirates' junk came alongside and opened fire, killing two of his employes and severly injuring him. After having trussed him and his fokis the pirates ransacked his boat and stole $40 in cash and eight piculs of fresh and dry fish.

The master of another fishing craft reports that while sailing between Fu-to and Yat Mun, Lamma Island, another boat manned by Hoklos hailed him. He stopped and the pirates clambered on board and kidnapped three of his relatives.

River Bandits Cause Jump In Wood Price

Canton, November 7.—During October and November of every year, firewood is sent to Canton for sale from Tung Kong or East River. Owing to the increasing activities of bandits of the upper East River demanding larger sums of money from the merchants, it is expected that the price of firewood will be higher in the future.

Two Samar Twins May Be Separated

Hongkong, November 7.—The two Samar twins who have been such objects of curiosity in the Colony during the last few days have left for the States. With them went Resident Commissioner Teodoro R. Yangco who is on his way from Manila to Washington to assume his official duties. He was accompanied by his private secretary, Mariano Mercado. Mr. Yanco recently adopted the two twins for the humane purpose of putting a stop to their exploitation for gain. It is thought that Mr. Yangco will consult the world's most competent surgeons with a view to a possible operation to separate the children.

Japanese Considering Women Mail Carriers

Tokio, November 5.—As a means of relieving the difficulty of supplying the depleted ranks of postmen, which has become considerably aggravated owing to the general prosperity of business in the provinces, a suggestion was made at a conference of the chiefs of 218 small post offices under the jurisdiction of the Nagoya Communications Bureau, that female postmen should be employed as substitutes. This suggestion obtained wide support, and it was agreed among those present that women should be employed for the collection and delivery of mail matter within a short distance. A formal application was with the authorities at the Communications Department in Tokio for permission to introduce this innovation. The matter is now under consideration at the hands of the Communications authorities.

Shipping Items

The I-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Kiukiang left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano left Moji on Monday and is due in Shanghai today.

The P. and O. s.s. Novara, from London, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong today.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Sahnghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The K.M.A. s.s. Hero (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Toyu Maru (chartered left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru is due in Shanghai from Dairen tomorrow and will sail for the same port via Tsingtau on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The passenger tender will leave the Customs Jetty an hour earlier.

The C.N. s.s. Paoting is due in Shanghai from Swatow today.

The I-C. s.s. Kingsing left Tientsin on Monday an is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

Th I-C. s.s. Wosung lft Tientsin yetserday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The I-C. s.s. Choyang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow on Saturday.

The I-C. s.s. Chipsang left Tientsin for Hongkong on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. China arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco and ports yesterday morning and sails for Hongkong early this morning.

The G. L. s.s. Glengyle is expected to arrive in Shanghai from London and ports today and will sail for Japan on Saturday.

The M.M. s.s. Sphinx arrived in Shanghai from Marseilles and ports yesterday afternoon and will sail for Kobe and Yokohama at daylight tomorrow. The tender Whangpoo with passengers and mails will leave the French Mail Jetty at 6 o'clock this afternoon.

The C.N. s.s. Tean left Tsingtau for Shangahi yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

Siccawei Weather Report

10.—Very large anticyclone, between the E. of Lake Baikal and the sea of Japon. A new depression, coming apparently from Europe, approaches Tomsk and Semipalatinsk. Weather generally fine, to the N. of the 50th. parallel; overcast with local rain and monsoon system in the South.

11.—Cool and fine morning with banks of low fog. The NE. breeze is very constant. The pressure continues to decrease below the average.

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WEATHER

Weather fine but variable. North-westerly breezes along the North coast. Fresh monsoon in the South. Rough weather between the Bonin and Japan.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOV. 12, 1919

Some Armistice Day!

YESTERDAY was Armistice Day. Part of it was cloudy and part was clear. This we could have forecast a year ago, but we could have forecast nothing else that has happened since that great day of November 11, 1918. Of course, we could have said one or two things a year ago that we didn't say, but they would have been mere statements of fact, and therefore not in the line of prophecy.

We could have said, for instance, that "during the ensuing year the Allies will continue to be right and the neutrals will continue to be neutral, and the Central Powers will continue to be wrong." And we might have said that "Humanity will be errant and evil, and will continue its age long struggle against itself, with one kind of bad Humanity striving to make another kind of bad Humanity good in spite of itself"—or themselves, or whatever it is.

But it is fully probable that we didn't say anything of the sort. We don't even dare to look up what we did say. Quite likely it was so beatific that it would break our heart to read it now. We did have a fleeting fancy of reprinting it but abandoned that idea on the ground that it would be committing a crime against our readers. Surely we must have said something about how blissful the world was going to be! We are nothing if not optimistic.

Which leads us to observe that one good thing has been evolved. Excepting one or two benighted reactionaries, we have ceased to talk about who won the war! But that is all the good that has accrued.

Since the armistice was signed twenty-two new wars have been started in Europe. All of them have now been settled except eighteen. All the various territorial disputes have been settled, except those which concern the various peoples of Europe and Asia. So that those are matters which are now of minor importance. People have turned their minds to other concerns. The working people having learned how to shoot guns, have started a war on capital. The Russians are killing each other as fast as they can and killing any other people they can get within range of. The workingmen of America, Britain, France, Italy, Germany, China, Japan and all other nations, North, South, East, and West are doing the best they can to upset the apple carts on their respective corners.

Wherefore we are sorry. And that great Day of the First Anniversary of the Armistice was celebrated very little, if any, as the lady said.

Marionettes

(From The Marionette)

In bond Street I meet Marionettes
With flaxen hair and painted faces.
The war left men with wooden limbs
To imitate your airs and graces
'Tis all a puppet-show of dolls—
The music wanes, the candle gutters,
Till the old showman packs them up
And seals the box and locks the shutters.

REGINA MIRIAM BLOEH.

Treaty Or No Treaty

(New York World)

Although the Senators have been debating the treaty of peace for months, in only one speech has the treaty been dealt with and analysed as a whole, and the author of that speech, Senator Knox, urged that the treaty be rejected and that the United States make a separate peace with Germany because of the "harshness and cruelty" of the terms imposed.

That many of the terms are harsh and cruel cannot be denied. Nothing could more painfully illustrate the intellectual and moral limitations of many of the Senators than their bitter antagonism to the covenant of the League of Nations, which is the most enlightened section of the treaty, and their readiness to accept most of the clauses of the rest of the treaty which embody the spirit of a vicious diplomacy that the war is supposed to have destroyed.

There has been much sound and fury about Shantung, because in certain sections of the United States it is good politics to incite animosity against Japan; but of the really objectionable articles of the treaty, the Shantung provision is perhaps the least objectionable, because at worst it merely transfers to Japan the rights and privileges that China had already ceded to Germany, and nothing more.

Admitting that the Shantung provision is bad, it is benevolent, however, in comparison with the reparation clauses which leave the economic life of Germany indefinitely at the mercy of a commission dominated by the United States, Great Britain, France and Italy. This commission was created because the Allies could not estimate the full amount of damages that Germany would be able to pay, and were afraid because of home politics to fix a maximum sum lest it prove too little or too much. They were also afraid that in the process of making these reparations Germany would acquire an industrial impetus that might prove embarrassing in the way of competition in the world markets. Therefore they created this Reparations Commission, which is almost certain to become a source of controversy and conflict, not only with neutrals which in time will seriously object to having their trade relations with Germany disturbed in order to permit new adjustments of the Allied claims for reparation, but among the Associated Powers themselves, all of which will have different trade interests in Germany and will be differently affected in their own economic life by the decisions of the commission.

Never before was an attempt made to levy a continuing and indefinite indemnity upon a defeated nation, and this experiment is dubious from every point of view. Curiously enough, when the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations was muddling the treaty by amending it, American representation was eliminated from all the commissions that have to do with safeguarding human liberty and keeping the channels of trade open; but representation on this particular commission was permitted. Therein lay the spoils of war, and the Senate committee could smell money 4,000 miles away.

Nothing at all has been said in the Senate about the Saar Valley arrangement, yet in comparison the Shantung provision is an act of diplomatic philanthropy. Theoretically, the Saar Valley arrangement was made to compensate France for the wanton destruction of the coal mines in the Lens district; but the French representatives were not satisfied with obtaining ton for ton of coal, or with operating the Saar mines until the Lens district could be rehabilitated. They demanded the Saar Valley itself by way of reparation, with its 500,000 German inhabitants.

President Wilson forced a compromise under which the French are to have the mines and the coal outright, the Saar Valley is to be governed by the League of Nations, the question of ultimate nationality is to be left to a plebiscite at the end of fifteen years, and the Germans are to have the privilege of buying back the mines with gold, provided the Reparations Commission leaves them any funds with which to make the purchase. It is only through the intervention of the League of Nations that the Saar Valley provisions of the treaty escape being an out-and-out exploit in the imperialism of conquest.

Even more cynical is the provision of the treaty that forbids the Austrians to unite with Germany if they so desire. This is a flagrant denial of the right of self-determination for which there is no excuse whatever. The Austrians are bound to unite somehow with Germany. It is their only hope of existence, and if their union is not public it will be secret. In case of another war Austria's resources and manpower would inevitably be at the disposal of Germany. In refusing to the Austrians the right to unite with the rest of the Germanic peoples, the treaty creates a new grievance and a new source of European dissension.

A hardly less serious blunder is made by the exclusion of Germany and Austria from the League of Nations. Nothing could be more unwise than to seek to ostracise from the League of Nations whose governments are otherwise recognised diplomatically. Germany and Austria have already been completely disarmed, and if they are not to be trusted within the League they are certainly not to be trusted outside the league.

It would be difficult to invent a plausible excuse for this arbitrary exclusion, which is needlessly humiliating and which accomplishes no good results whatever. Nor can a convincing defense be made of the indefinite military occupation of the left bank of the Rhine pending the payment of reparations. This involves a needless expense in view of the fact that Germany is left without an army, a navy and a merchant marine and economically is completely at the mercy of the Associated Powers, which can shut off her supplies of raw material at any time and starve her into the fulfilment of her treaty obligations. This military occupation is another relic of the old imperialism, doubly needless in view of the present-day status of Germany.

To say all this is not to condemn the treaty as a whole or to argue with Senator Knox for its rejection, although unless there is a League of Nations The World would oppose the American ratification of a peace that otherwise could have no elements of stability. But to refuse to ratify the treaty in the circumstances is madness. To send it back to the conference by means of amendments inspired by partisanship is likewise madness. It is either this treaty or no treaty, which would mean a completely imperialistic peace. It has been said by some of its hostile British critics that the treaty contains the seeds of fifty years of war. This is mere conjecture, but it is certain that if the treaty is rejected by the United States, the kind of peace that will follow can spell nothing but imperialism, militarism and protracted conflict and conquest.

What saves this treaty is the League of Nations. The League will be a court of equity to which all the legitimate grievances that arise can be brought for readjustment. It can restore Germany and Austria and Hungary to the society of nations. It can assure self-determination where self-determination is now lacking. It can protect the rights of the German population in the Saar Valley. It can compel the restoration of Shantung to China. It can settle all the disputes that arise under the Reparations Commission and eventually extinguish that curious contrivance for super-government.

It can bring about the disarmament that is essential if Europe and America as well are to be saved from new imperialism that may prove quite as menacing as the German imperialism that has been destroyed. It alone can make the treaty workable and force its modification when modification becomes necessary as it must.

Without it the small nations are left as destitute of protection as Belgium was when the German troops crossed the frontier. Without it there can be no safeguards for the newly emancipated peoples whose restoration to liberty and independence rights wrongs which have persisted for centuries. Without it labor is still to be treated internationally as an economic commodity, with all the social and political menace that such treatment involves. Without it no means whatever exists for the general settlement of international disputes and for minimising the causes of war. Without it the world must return to the status of an armed camp for sheer self-protection, and the nations, after all this terrible expenditure of blood and treasure, will be back where they were when the sacrifice began.

Without the League of Nations the treaty cannot be justified except as a peace arbitrarily imposed by military force upon a defeated and prostrate enemy. With the League of Nations it can be transformed into a peace of justice. Yet with the perversity that always chatacterises partisan passion, the Republican Senators, shutting their eyes to the treaty itself, are bending their energies to the destruction of the only instrumentality by which any of its terms can be permanently guaranteed, by which the inevitable injustices can be redressed and by which the peace of the world can be secured.

Ambassadors Of Trade

Britain's much-discussed plan for "trade ambassadors" already has been put into effect. This overseas exploitation scheme was conceived in 1916 simultaneously with the plan for organisation of the Federation of British Industries. The Federation includes practically every large manufacturer in the British Isles; small concerns now recovering their equilibrium are joining by the dozens weekly. The Overseas Trade Department of the Federation—the Foreign Office from which the trade ambassadors are accredited—is under the direction of brisk young army officers demobilised early because of their trade fitness.

"Ambassador" is a peculiarly good description to apply to the trade functionary. He does not travel about seeking orders like a drummer. He has been engaged for his important connections already established. If a Grecian city plans to erect a public building, and invites bidders for the supply of steel, electrical equipment, etc., public contractors will at once get in touch with the "ambassador" who by cable or letter, will inform his London office, which immediately reports to interested members.

The Overseas Trade Department makes a specialty of quick service. A constant stream of information is received from the trade embassies by the Overseas Department of the Federation, which rushes the news out in bulletins. Minutes sometimes may mean millions.—*The National's Business for October.*

The Steel Strike As A Labor Crisis

(Literary Digest)

Suspicions keep cropping out in the press comment on the steel strike that Samuel Gompers, behind his official indorsement of the strike, is really "fighting with beasts at Ephesus" in defense of the sanity and patriotism of the American Federation of Labor, that vast and powerful labor organisation of which he has been the leader for thirty-seven years. As many observers see it, the calling of the steel strike at this time reveals the purpose of certain revolutionary radicals to wrest control from the hands of Mr. Gompers and the other moderate-minded leaders and place the Reds in the saddle, thus making it "the first gun of the industrial revolution."

"Is the Federation to be an instrument of revolutionists, or is it not?" demands the New York Tribune, which pictures the nation waiting for the answer "in no lenient mood."

Mr. Gompers, remarks the Minneapolis Tribune, now faces the supreme test of his genius and resourcefulness if he is to "steer a course that will at once keep him dominant over the more radical element in the American Federation of Labor and preserve to him the confidence of the American public which he won during this country's period in the war." Richard Spillane, writing in Commerce and Finance, says that the grip of Mr. Gompers on the leadership of the Federation slipped during his recent absence in Europe, and that the radical group who then seized virtual control was responsible for both the Boston police strike and the steel strike. If such a shift of leadership has occurred, says the Philadelphia Evening Ledger, it has been accomplished "without the knowledge of the masses of intelligent workers who compose the Federation." Yet it can hardly be denied, avers the Newark News, that "there is an element in labor circles that wants the business, the property, the profits, and everything else but the responsibility."

Public apprehension of such ulterior motives may explain the fact, noted in many quarters, that this strike is not a "popular" one. It will fail, says Secretary of Commerce Redfield, because it has not the support of public opinion. "It is foredoomed to failure because it is tainted with the false spirit, the traitorous leadership, and the un-American doctrines of the I. W. W.," agrees the Buffalo Commercial. Its success, avers the Troy Times, "would be a long stride in the direction of Bolshevism." "It is difficult," remarks the Rochester Times-Union, "to win a strike without the sympathy of the public; and that the strikers do not have in this case." The steel strike has "no public support," affirms the New York World, which predicts that if it collapses "there will be few mourners outside the coterie of radical leaders who have set out in the spirit of the German General Staff to establish their claim of domination." "The plain lack of hearty and general response by the steel-workers themselves," the New York Evening Post points out, "is proof that the strike was not warranted and should not have been called." Those mills that continued to operate without interruption, despite the strike, we are reminded, were manned, not by strike-breakers, but by regular employes who refused to heed the strike call. Mr. Fitzpatrick, chairman of the strikers' committee, admitted to the Senate investigators that only twenty per cent of the steel employes were organised, and that the strike movement was initiated, not by the mill-workers themselves, but by labor-leaders from the outside. An Indiana Harbor despatch quotes a spokesman of the Inland Steel Company's workers as declaring that ninety percent of that company's 7,000 employes were opposed to the strike, which he calls "a crime against the men that toil." This strike, says Senator Kenyon, chairman of the Senate Committee on Labor, is "the first skirmish in an industrial war in the United States"; and the New York Times agrees that "it is industrial war in which the leaders are radicals, social and industrial revolutionaries, while their followers are chiefly the foreign element among the steel-workers, steeped in the doctrines of the class struggle and social overthrow, ignorant and easily misled." It will fail, declares the New York Tribune, because "its motive is political; its leaders have mobilised industrial alienism for a disruptive purpose; and its purpose is un-American." Moreover, as the Los Angeles Times reminds us, it occurs at a time when "emissaries of the Bolsheviki are at work all over the United States," and when the country "is flooded as never before with a mass of radical propaganda, much of it of a treasonable nature."

Noting that the union committee at Pittsburg sent out its call for the nation-wide steel strike in seven languages, the Cleveland News, published in one of the centers of the steel industry, remarks: "The war taught us something about our need of 'one country, one language, one flag,' but we seem to need further lessons." On the floor of the Senate last week Senator Sherman, of Illinois, told of receiving pictures showing mobs of striking foreigners attacking Americans who desired to work in the steel-mills, and Senator Thomas, of Colorado, exclaimed that it was "time for Americans to get together." "The majority of the strikers," says the New York Journal of Commerce, "are not only of foreign origin, but they have failed to become Americanised in character or sentiment." Fifty per cent of these foreigners, says the Philadelphia Inquirer, are Slavs from southeastern Europe, and this element "is penetrated with the Bolshevik idea." These Slavs, reports a Pittsburg despatch to the New York Tribune, "constitute the backbone of the workers' organisation." The issue, according to this despatch, is "Americanism vs. Alienism." Other correspondents report only a small minority of the English-speaking steel-workers were in favor of striking at this time, and the Iron and Steel Institute report that—

"Almost without exception the strikers are of a nomadic disposition. Not a single record has been secured so far to show that a single home-owner has gone on strike. We can not find a single worker on strike who owns stock in the corporation."

Questioned before the Senate investigating committee as to the part played by foreigners in the steel strike, President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, admitted that they probably formed a majority of the strikers. But arguing that this was a situation for which the mill-owners had only themselves to blame, he said:

"There was for years a systematic effort to bring in these gangs from Europe. There was a systematic effort to eliminate Americans. They have a harvest to reap now."

Coming to the defense of these foreign strikers, the Socialist New York Call says:

"There is little doubt that many of the workers involved in the steel strike are of alien extraction, and the press correspondents are emphasising this fact. The tendency has been for the American workers to maintain a monopoly of the skilled and better paid jobs, leaving the unskilled jobs to the 'foreigners.' This situation affords an opportunity for the press to spew its venom on these alien workers. But the press will omit to mention that for many years the steel-masters stimulated emigration from Southern Europe with the view of keeping down wages here. Now that the steelmasters have brought them here with the view of bearing down the wage-level, their press harpies damn these workers for organising to raise it."

Although Samuel Gompers now defends and supports the steel strike, many observers believe that he considered it inexpedient and counseled against calling it at this time. Thus in a Washington despatch to the New York World, dated a few days after the strike began, we read:

"Apprehension over the steel strike is apparent about headquarters of the American Federation of Labor here. [illegible] leaders [illegible]

[illegible]

World in America, and on his return helped to found "the Syndicalist League of America," of which he was secretary. About this time, it seems, he was co-author with Earl C. Ford of a pamphlet called "Syndicalism," which is now being quoted against him. In this he traces all our social inequalities to the wages system, which he characterises as "the most brazen and gigantic robbery ever perpetrated since the world began," and which he argues can only be overthrown by a revolution. At the end of the pamphlet a paragraph states that "the Syndicalist League of North America is demonstrating that the American labor movement is ripe for a revolution and that the conservative and the Steel Institute report that forces opposed to this revolution are seemingly strong only because they have had no opposition." The Syndicalist movement he defines as "a labor-union movement, which, in addition to fighting the every-day battles of the working class, intends to overthrow capitalism and reorganise society in such a manner that exploitation of man by man through the wages system shall cease." The creed and purpose of the syndicalist he summarises as follows:

"The syndicalist is as 'unscrupulous' in his choice of weapons to fight his every-day battles as for his final struggle with capitalism. He allows no considerations of 'legality,' religion, patriotism, 'honor,' 'duty,' etc., to stand in the way of his adoption of effective tactics. The only sentiment he knows is loyalty to the interests of the working class."

Mr. Gompers assures the Senate investigating committee that Mr. Foster no longer holds these syndicalist views; and Mr. Fitzpatrick, replying to a question by Senator Kenyon, characterised the pamphlet as "graveyard stuff," and said:

"A wise man changes his mind, a fool never. Foster isn't a fool. He was absolutely loyal during the war, and as head of his union rendered great service to the United States. He now jokes about the views he held in his earlier days."

Last week the National Committee for Organising Steel Workers, of which Foster is secretary, replied to all criticisms by adopting a resolution of confidence in him. The story of Foster's later relations with the American Federation of Labor is thus outlined in a despatch to the New York Tribune:

"Foster placed himself in his present position by ingeniously applying what he calls the policy of 'boring from within' the American Federation of Labor. . . .

"He found, after long experience, that the American Federation of Labor can not be destroyed by attacks from without and conceived the idea of transforming it into a revolutionary syndicalist organisation from within. He joined the American Federation of Labor and for a long time worked quietly, unostentatiously, and diligently. His first big job, a job that drew the attention of the leaders of the American Federation of Labor, was the organisation of the stock-yards and packing-houses in Chicago and Kansas City, a task which other labor men had found difficult. So energetic and capable an organiser did he prove that when Samuel Gompers and other leaders held a meeting in Chicago more than a year ago to discuss plans for organising the workers in the steel industry, Foster was among those who attended and was given the post of secretary-treasurer of the committee to organise the steel-workers. . . . .

"When Mr. Gompers made his last trip to Europe and John Fitzpatrick assumed the chairmanship of the committee at work on the organisation of the steel-workers, Foster really became the chief figure in the organisation campaign. Like his teacher, Nikolai Lenin, who ingeniously took advantage of a period of great unrest and upheaval to propagate his ideas and carry out his plans, Foster carried on feverishly his work of organisation and agitation in the steel industry. When Mr. Gompers returned from Europe he was confronted with an accomplishment. When Foster urged that the moment to strike at the United States Steel Corporation had arrived, Mr. Gompers and the other conservative leaders associated with him were obliged either to agree or step aside or stand the combined attack of the radical factions of the American Federation of Labor, thus endangering their control of the organisation."

It must be noted, however, that Samuel Gompers, in his testimony before Senator Kenyon's committee, defends the steel strike and defines its issues as follows:

"The issue of the right of the employes to be heard through their own spokesmen, spokesmen of their own choosing; the right to have their day in court, the court to determine wages and conditions of employment.

"The right of association of workers has been denied the men for many years, and denied with all the power and wealth and domination of the Steel Corporation; not only denied by lawful means, but denied by unlawful and brutal means."

And in the Washington Herald, in an editorial headed "Others Do

(Continued on Page 13)

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

OH! THERE'S MR WISE - GO TALK TO HIM FOR AWHILE AND YOU'LL LEARN SOMETHING
ALL RIGHT- BUT DON'T BE ROUGH- REMEMBER YOU'RE NOT HOME-
AH! MR. JIGGS - HOW IS EVERY THING AT HOME-
OH! SHE'S ALL RIGHT-
BY THE WAY-MR. JIGGS - YOU ARE A MAN OF INTELLIGENCE
?
WHAT DO YOU THINK OF DE MAUPASSANT'S WORKS-
I DON'T KNOW- I NEVER WORKED THERE!

Today — By Arthur Brisbane

Men kill themselves after disgrace. Women kill themselves beforehand, to escape disgrace. The Associated Press says drug stores in Archangel, where American soldiers are sent to fight, heaven knows why, are openly selling poisons to girls. The girls kill themselves to avoid falling into the hands of the Bolsheviki.

Different kinds of women have different ideas on disgrace. These Russian girls die to avoid what they consider immorality.

Cleopatra, having led for years a life that you couldn't praise, killed herself to avoid what she called disgrace: being dragged through the streets in a Roman triumph. It was that, not the fate of Marc Antony, that worried her.

• • •

This earth is a gigantic driving wheel, an inexhaustible source of power which tiny men know not how to use.

Years ago this writer compared human beings to microbes living on the rim of a great driving wheel, building little windmills for power, instead of using the power in the wheel. It was suggested then that men should sink into the earth shafts running down several miles to the hot interior fires, pour down water, and let it come up out of another hole, turned into live steam, thus tapping inexhaustible power.

• • •

That suggestion to many readers seemed remote, not to say ridiculous. But now Sir Charles Parsons, president of a great British scientific association, most eminent electrical and motive engineer and inventor of the oil turbine, says:

"By boring a hole in the earth's surface twelve miles in depth, enough energy would be discovered to furnish all the motive power of the world."

While the supply of fuel is giving out, the terrific energy of volcanic eruptions tells of the unused power and heat beneath our feet.

• • •

To dig such a hole as Sir Charles Parsons now advises, and such a hole as was suggested years ago by this writer, would cost, says Sir Charles, only twenty-five million dollars, the cost to England of one day's war.

To obtain an equal amount of power, "by harnessing the water supply of the world, would cost forty billion dollars."

It would be cheap to dig the hole and make the experiment. A few such holes or power mines would solve the coal mining problem, heat cities, run machinery and allow coal to remain in the ground unused, as we allow the winds, unused, to blow over the ocean, ships using the better power of steam.

• • •

Good King Albert of Belgium is welcome and will discover that many distinguished citizens are not too democratic to be fond of a King. He and his wife will witness some amusing imitation "curtsies" by women, and the King will be called almost everything from "king" to "say."

The King is very grateful to America for what it has done, more grateful, perhaps, for what it is expected to do. A big loan for Belgium is planned in his honor. Gratitude, you know, is looking forward to something else.

• • •

Somebody, amid the rejoicing, should tell the King that he was foolishly advised when he said he would not visit Chicago or Milwaukee because those cities were "too pro-German."

In Europe are many graves filled by men of Chicago and Milwaukee.

Chicago and Milwaukee, in proportion to population and wealth, did as much as any cities in the United States to supply money as well as men that helped the Belgian King out of trouble.

Chicago and Milwaukee will miss King Albert less than he would have missed them had they been missing in the war.

It may surprising the King to know that Milwaukee was one of the few cities in the United States that had no strike in any plant making munitions or other war supplies.

The Play And The Audience

(The Literary Digest)

The Actors feel a glow of enthusiasm over winning their strike, and one of them, Mr. Walter Hampden, warns us of a future artistic crusade. The present theatrical system, he says in The Outlook, puts a constraint upon artistic aspiration, and he believes that "while this constraint was not made an issue during the recent strike, it played a very real part as a source of the unrest and the dissatisfaction behind the strike." "Commercial" is a word that is often used as descriptive of theatrical wares not to be allowed "artistic." Yet plays even frankly commercial, according to Mr. Eugene Walter, the playwright, do not evince the standard of efficiency of a newspaper. He imagines that plays might be improved "by the hand of a slashing, clear-sighted editor, a copy-reader who knows English, and a make-up man who understands style." While there is an implied compliment to the modern newspaper, the drift of Mr. Walter's words is to point the inadequacy of plays to the common standard called "commercial." But Mr. Walter is no "highbrow"; he doesn't try to find a play standard that Mr. Hampden might accept as "artistic," nor does he flatter the current newspaper into thinking it has much to offer as an example. "Newspapers aren't what they were when I was a cub in the Middle West," he tells Rebecca Drucker, who fixes up such opinions for New York Tribune readers, "nor what they were in the old days when I was on The Sun in Dana's time." It seems to be from such sources that Mr. Walter derives his ideals of play-efficiency:

"I think writing plays a highly overrated accomplishment. I have myself practised it with a fair degree of success, though I am a man of almost no schooling, whose education has mostly been gained on roads and streets and in the public places in which men congregate. A natural ability for seeing human conduct in terms of action, a good ear for real talk, and half a dozen rules of thumb will make you a fair playwright.

"Under any circumstances I think the stage an overrated art. It has no vigor in its own right. It offers only a reflection of the impulses of life; it is a gesture after the event, so to speak. It can not break any new grounds of thought. It can only repeat what is obvious to everybody. Long after an idea has gained currency in science, in theology, in society—when it has become so familiar to the least cultivated that it is altogether harmless—then, and then only, is it safe to put it on the stage.

"The mildest shattering of idols makes a terrible clatter on the stage. Both the strength and the weakness of the theater lie in the fact the sum of ideas it presents must not be greater than the sum of thinking of which the least sophisticated of the audience is capable. Your audience participate in your play as surely as your actors, and the failure of your one fatal blunder—from an artistic audience to catch their cue is the point of view as well as from that of the box office."

Here is a judgment that invites discussion of the modern audience. When Miss Drucker thought she could trip Mr. Walter with reference to his own "Easiest Way," he wouldn't admit the exception. She observed that this startling play was "no mild shattering of idols in the American theater," and he answers:

"Yes, on the stage. But for how long before that had the rational movement been going on in philosophy and realism in literature? When I wrote 'The Easiest Way' neither o these currents had reached the stage. But they had set in, and it was the merest accident that I was taken up in it. It was inevitable that very soon some one would see the theme and put it on the stage. Victorianism—the ghastly stifling of every human impulse—was cracking here and abroad. It was breaking down the scheme of affectations and artificialities on which our stage was built. In England, Shaw, Pinero, and Jones had been clearing away the debris. Since those early days of 'The Easiest Way' the pendulum has swung the other way. The inhibitions on sex are off with a vengeance. But then look at the violent reactions from all repressions with which the rest of the world is shaken.

"There are so many people who accept the materialistic conceptions of history and of man's biological evolution, who are still sentimental about art, and who think it functions outside of the material conditions that surround it. The peace that is being made in Paris will dictate our art for the next hundreds of years, just as old Queen Victoria's hypocritical politics is responsible for the hideousness and sham of the Victorian parlor. The conditions under which men make and buy and eat their bread will make the theater. No group of men within the theater can reform it. It has no vigor to transform itself, for only the main current of civilisation itself can shape it. It makes what the individual does in the theater quite insignificant. One writes for the audience one has, for the understanding they represent.

"That is why my present play, 'The Challenge,' is not what it started out to be. I have made it an impartial presentation of both sides, but it was first meant to be an indictment of war, with the young hero carrying through his radical theories to the end until he was martyred. And even then the heroine was to rise and carry on his work."

"But why did you not finish it that way?" asks the interlocutor. "How can you be sure that the audience would not have understood it? You did not think of that when you wrote 'The Easiest Way' or you would surely have tacked on a happy ending." But Mr. Walter only made a vague reply. "Oh, that was different."

The Amateur Bolshevist

The shades of night were falling fast,
When through the crowded highways passed,
A youth, ill shod and habited,
Who carried high this sign in red:
"Whatever is, is wrong."

His trousers bagged, his hat was cracked,
His vest important buttons lacked,
His Windsor bow was tied askew.
That slogan-seemed to fit him, too:
"Whatever is, is wrong."

"What makes you bear that thing my lad?"
I asked. "Is life so really bad,
The game of chance so wholly lost
That you must flaunt this awful frost:
'Whatever is, is wrong'?"

He glared at me through bloodshot eyes;
His glance was one of pained surprise
That there could live a wight so slow,
So crass, so dense, as not to know,
Whatever is, is wrong.

He groaned, "I wish I had my way!
This world should be remade today.
I'd run it on a different plan
And prove to you or any man,
Whatever is, is wrong."

I asked him what that plan might be,
But out of all he flung at me—
A cross between a whine and hiss—
I clearly gathered only this;
"Whatever is, is wrong."

He raked me with a wicked leer;
"Bourgeois!" I thought I heard him sneer.
Then, lifting high that sign of red,
He stalked away, but, parting, said,
"Whatever is, is wrong."

ELIAS LIEBERMAN.

New Ailment In Missouri

(From the Lamar Sentinel)

John Stookey is almost well again after being laid up with pantomime poisoning.

The Steel Strike As A Labor Crisis

(Continued from Page 12)

It, Why Not the Steel-Workers?" we read:

"The right to bargain collectively is the one big issue in the steel-war. Millions of other workers have that right. Why not the men who labor in the roaring heat of the blazing steelmill furnace? Why not? Because a mere handful of steel-mill owners autocratically took it upon themselves to be dicators of that industry, and they understand (and everybody knows!) they can not long remain dictators when once the steel-workers are organised and bargain collectively.

"The steel-workers of America are fighting for their Magna Charta. In this conflict the King Johns of Steel have neither the sympathy nor the good wishes of American citizens who desire fair play and a square deal for the man who works.

The "moral issue" of the strike, according to Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel Corporation, is the question of allowing a man to work where he pleases, whether or not he belongs to the union. Mr. Gary, before the Senate Committee on Labor and Education, which is investigating the steel strike, said "a few men—rank outsiders—must not be allowed to control the majority," and that the statements made before the committee by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and John Fitzpatrick, chairman of the steel-workers' organising committee, to the effect that the steel corporation had been guilty of ill treatment of its employes were "absolutely without foundation." Mr. Gary said he had "no objections to unions," but did object to dealing with union-leaders as such, and that "no basic industry in this country or in the world has paid larger wages to its employes than the United States Steel Corporation, or has treated its employes with greater respect and consideration." "The lowest wage-rates paid by the corporation to unskilled labor working ten hours a day are $4.5[illegible] a day," continued Mr. Gary, "and the highest earnings of rollers are $32.56 per day; the general average of all plants, not including executives, administrators, and salesmen, on July 1, 1919, was $6.87 per day."

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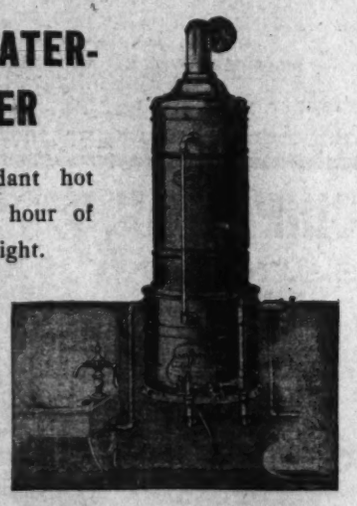

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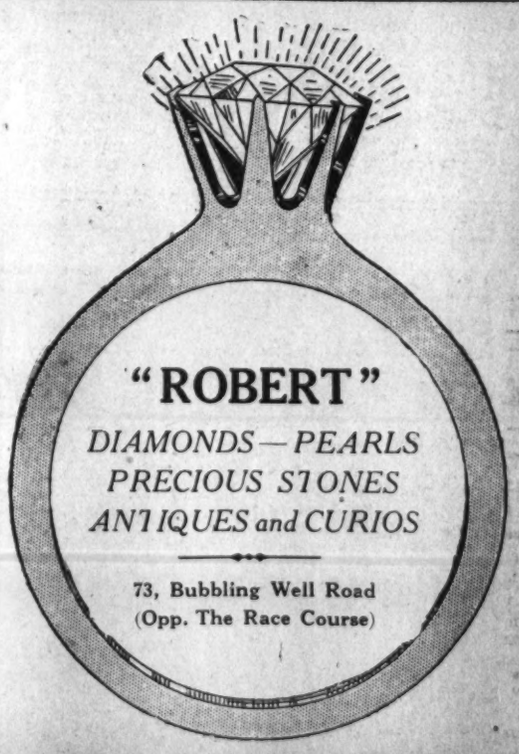

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, Nov. 12**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Wednesday, Nov. 12**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangfoo**, Captain J. Johannessen, will leave on **Wednesday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, Nov. 13**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwah Lee**, (Chartered) 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Thursday, November 13**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours, Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain H. Asai, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, November 13** at about 12 o'clock midnight For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, Captain Findeison, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, November 14**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Capt H. Yamasaki, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, November 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kiukiang**, Captain J. Peacock, will leave on **Friday, November 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, November 15**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting**, Capt. A. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, November 16**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passag Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, November 12**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage. apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Captain C. Stewart, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the S.M.R. Whangpoo Wharf on November 12, at 1:30 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at 12:30 p.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Thursday** afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sunning**, Capt. W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, Nov. 13**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain T. Nimoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 14**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at—— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 15**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, November 18**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Wuhu**, Captain J. W. Harding, will leave on **Wednesday, November 12**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Taito Maru**, Captain M. Takagi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 13, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hangchow**, Captain A. R. McEachran, will leave on Thursday, **November 13**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Toonan**, Captain C. Taylor, will leave on **Thursday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

CHINWANGTAO direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration. will despatch the following str. **Toyu Maru, on November 14.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 14**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tls. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 15, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, November 15**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kweilin**, Captain A. McMowell, will leave on **Sunday, November 16**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Japan Ports

KOBE.—The Str. **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 15. tszepoo Wharf on November 17. **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

MARSEILLES, VIA SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & PORTSAID.—The Steamer **Indo Maru**, Captain S. Arai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **November 23.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG.—The Steamer **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be desatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **December 6.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf in the middle of **December.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **December 16.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **December 25.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Japan Nov. 22

For United Kingdom
Per B. & S. s.s. Rhesus Nov. 20

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru Nov. 13

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Asia Nov. 15

From France
Per M. M. s.s. Andre Lebon Nov. 25

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S.S. "KASHGAR" 22nd December

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DILWARA" leaves December 12

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
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	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 4	Dec. 6
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	middle of Dec.	

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Portsaid.

	Tons	Capt.		
*INDO MARU	1,000	S. Arai,	Nov. 20	Nov. 23

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.		
*AFRICA MARU ...	12,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
*MEXICO MARU ...	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Dec. 15	Dec. 16
*ARABIA MARU	18,000	T. Saito,	Dec. 24	Dec. 25

FOR KOBE

	Tons	Capt.		
ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 10	Dec. 17

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.		
CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Nimoto,	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Nov. 29	Nov. 30

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.		
TAITO MARU	3,000	M. Takagi,	Nov. 11	Nov. 13
KEELUNG MARU ..	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Nov. 13	Nov. 15

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.		
KOHOKU MARU ..	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Nov. 11	Nov. 12

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S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	23rd
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	16th

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S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	10th
S.S "NANKING"	JAN	3rd

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PENANG MARU	11,500	Later part of December	

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TATSUNO MARU		T. Shirai,	Nov. 15
DURBAN MARU		Second half of December	

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	Tons	Capt.	
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FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKIWA MARU	15,000	K. Shibuya,	Nov. 22
TOKUSHIMA MARU	15,000	Y. Okuno, about	Dec. 25

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
KASUGA MARU	7,000	E. Takahashi,	Nov. 14
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	T. Terada,	Nov. 21
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Nov. 25

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Nov. 15
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Nov. 19
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Nov. 22
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki,	Nov. 26

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
SADO MARU	12,500	T. Hori,	Nov. 17

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

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	Tons	Capt.	
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Nov. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.

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TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.
20.25	8.25		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00
23.59	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	22.16
6.55	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	22.06
7.28	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	21.46
12.32	14.18	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.21	11.21	16.36
18.35	17.16	17.56	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.45	8.39	11.56
22.28	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.50	8.20
7.									8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yanchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yanchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Liaocheng	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.55	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.									10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.10	11.03	8.33	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	13.36
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.37	13.16
18.26	15.15	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.05	16.48	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Lincheng a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST".

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Tancred	Oct.	5
Ecuador	Oct.	12
Tamaha	Oct.	13
Archer	Oct.	18
Nile	Oct.	18
West Cactus	Oct.	26
Royal Arrow	Oct.	28
Lumina	Oct.	30
West Islip	Nov.	2
West Sequana	Nov.	8
Colombia	Nov.	8
Nanking	Nov.	8
Sylvan Arrow	Nov.	9
Tascalusa	Nov.	11
For Tacoma		
Manila Maru	Oct.	22
For Seattle		
Stanley	Oct.	14
West Segovia	Oct.	26
Suwa Maru	Nov.	5
For New York		
Eurymedon	Oct.	22
Bolton Castle	Oct.	22
Naneric	Nov.	4
For Vancouver		
Monteagle	Oct.	15
Bessie Dollar	Oct.	21
Empress of Russia	Nov.	1
For London etc.		
Wakasa Maru	Oct.	11
Shidzuoka Maru	Oct.	13
Peleus	Oct.	2
Delagoa Maru	Oct.	25
Khiva	Oct.	28
Kaga Maru	Oct.	29
Prinzessin	Oct.	30
Mentor	Nov.	6
Bendoran	Nov.	9
Yokohama Maru	Nov.	10
For Liverpool		
Alcinous	Oct.	11
Lycaon	Nov.	8
For Marseilles		
Wollowra	Oct.	16
Cape Town Maru	Oct.	20
Toyooka Maru	Oct.	28
Paul Lecat	Oct.	31
Bansei Maru 5	Nov.	1
Celebes Maru	Nov.	7
For Copenhagen		
Rhodesia	Nov.	8
For Bombay		
Dunera	Nov.	4
For Singapore		
Lowther Castle	Oct.	16
Castor	Oct.	27
Heffron	Nov.	9
For Calcutta		
Gregory Apcar	Oct.	28
For Hull		
Benavon	Oct.	12

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	12.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Australia, via Hongkong	Sunning	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostock and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Wuhu	11.00	11.00	..	..	..	10.30
Foochow	Kohoku M.	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Formosa, via Foochow	do	..	..	..	..	11.00	10.30
Java Ports	Tjikini	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Hankow	Woosung	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
U.S.A. & Europe via S.F.	S. Dollar	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan & A'rica via N'saki	Kasuga Maru	..	..	..	..	20.00	19.30
Friday, November 14.							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Tean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Saturday, November 15.							
Manila direct	E. of Asia	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Monday, November 17.							
Hongkong and Canton	Sulyang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00

†Parcels only.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train

b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

PACIFIC COAST PORTS

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S.	"Stanley Dollar"	Nov.	10th
S.S.	"West Harts"	,,	12th
S.S.	"West Hepburn"	Dec.	15th
S.S.	"West Ira"	,,	20th
S.S.	"Cadaretta"	,,	30th

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S.	"Melville Dollar"	Dec.	7th
S.S.	"Harold Dollar"	,,	28th
S.S.	"Bessie Dollar"	Feb.	5th

DIRECT SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK

S.S.	"M. S. Dollar"	Dec.	20th
S.S.	"Grace Dollar"	Jan.	15th

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road

TELEPHONE: CENRAL 2303

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$530 B.
Chartered	$80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 230
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440
North China	$180 B.
Union of Canton	Hk. 190 B.
Yangtsze	$270 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22½ S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$345
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$225 B.
Indo-China Pref.	$82
Shell	185/- B
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 39 B.
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 12¼ B.
Oriental Cons.	25/-
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$175 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 121 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 28 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 165 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 100 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 64
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 15 B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 85
E-wo Pref	Tls. 535 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 290 B.
Oriental	Tls. 170 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 290 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 43 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 24 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$175 B.
Green Island	$7
Langkats	Tls. 19 S.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6.10 B.
Weeks	$11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8¼ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.60 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.70 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½ S.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 9 B.
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9¼
Padang	Tls. 8½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2¾
Repah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80
Senawang	Tls. 8 S.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8½ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1¾
Sungala	Tls. 0.50 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tebong	Tls. 13½
Ulobri	Tls. 2¾
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 19
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 74¼
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd

Telephone No. Central 298

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	—	Seattle	Seattle Spirit	Am.	A Line
Nov.	—	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	12	San Francisco	West Harts	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	14	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am.	A Line
Nov.	16	Portland	West Hartland	Am.	A Line
Nov.	17	New York	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	18	N. York via Panama	Eurylochus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	25	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	25	New York v. Suez	Slavic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes & Co.
Nov.	29	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	30	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	30	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	—	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	1	B'ton & N. York v. Suez	Wytheville	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	1	New York	Arna	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	3	Seattle	Endicott	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	3	San Francisco	Elkhorn	Am.	S. & Dix
Dec.	4	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	5	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec.	5	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	7	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	17	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	17	New York	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	20	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20	New York	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec.	21	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec.	23	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	25	New York	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	28	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	30	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	30	New York	Celtic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes
Jan.	8	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	15	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov.	12	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov.	14	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov.	15	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov.	17	—	Kobe	Alps Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov.	17	—	Kobe	Sado Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov.	19	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov.	21	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov.	22	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov.	25	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov.	—	—	London	Carnarvonshire	Br. G. L. E. A.
Nov.	12	—	London	Glenade	Br. G. L. E. A.
Nov.	13	—	Marseilles & Trieste	Italy Maru	Jap. M. M. Cie.
Nov.	15	—	London	Tatsuno Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov.	15	—	London	C. of Melbourne	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov.	15	—	Trieste	Nippon	Ital. D. & Co.
Nov.	17	—	Trieste, Marseilles	Scotland Maru	Jap. M. M. Cie.
Nov.	19	—	Singapore	Methven	Br. C.P.O.S.
Nov.	20	—	Marseilles	Yonan Maru	Jap. M. M. Cie.
Nov.	20	—	London	Rhesus	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	22	—	London	Cardiganshire	Br. G. L. E. A.
Nov.	23	—	Liverpool	Teucer	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	24	—	London	Tamba Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov.	24	—	Marseilles	Indo Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Nov.	24	—	Calcutta	Arratoon Apcar	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov.	26	—	London	Carmarthenshire	Br. G. L. E. A.
Nov.	30	—	Liverpool	Tsushima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec.	—	—	Marseilles & Antwerp	Comdt. Dorise	Fr. M. M. Cie.
Dec.	3	—	London	Kalomo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Dec.	6	—	London	Alps Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Dec.	8	—	London	Mishima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec.	12	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br. M.M. & Co.
Dec.	14	—	London	Novara	Br. P.&O.S.N. Co.
Dec.	22	—	Marseilles, London	Kashgar	Br. M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov.	12	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	12	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Nov.	12	—	Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	12	1.30	F'chow, K'lung, Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Nov.	13	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	13	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	14	—	Hongkong	Canada Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Nov.	15	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	15	—	Manila, Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Nov.	18	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov.	18	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	19	—	Manila, Hongkong	Venezuela	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
Nov.	22	—	Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap. T. K. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov.	12	1.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov.	12	noon	Chefoo & Newchwang	Wuhu	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	13	—	Newchwang	Toonan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	13	D.L.	Dairen	Hangsang	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	14	—	Chinwangtao	Toyu Maru	Jap. K.M.A.
Nov.	14	3.00	Tsingtau, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Nov.	14	10.00*	Wwei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	15	D.L.	Tsingtau	Chenan	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	16	D.L.	Antung	Kweilin	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	16	noon	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov.	18	D.L.	C'foo, T'tsin, N'chwang	Wosang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Nov.	18	7.30*	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S. M. R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov.	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Nov.	13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.
Nov.	13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Nov.	14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiukiang	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov.	14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Nov.	16	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	16	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	17	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	17	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov.	17	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	18	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Sicawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Songkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehsh dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yehsh dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.46
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Songkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 30	11.36	14.06	....	17.18	18.20	....
Sicawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	11.06	12.05	14.35	....	17.56	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Information For Mariners

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AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, November 13th.—Household Furniture and effects at Salesroom at 10 a.m.

THURSDAY, November 13th—Sundry Sound and Damaged Cargo, etc. in godown in rear, at 2.30 p.m.

FRIDAY, November 14th.—Rare and Valuable Books, Engraving and Postage Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

MONDAY, November 17th.—Important Land for Sale in Route de Say Zoong, and on the Soochow Creek, in Salesroom at 4 p.m.

TUESDAY, November 18th.—Well known Wines, Spirits and Provisions in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

THURSDAY, November 27th.—Household Furniture at 21 Rue de Soeurs.

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KAIPING Coke Coal

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

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SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

Berlin Accepts British Control Of Trade Rules

English Managed Clearing House In Germany To Establish Balance Ends Fear Of U.S. Competition

(Note: A brief cable referring to the following trade agreement was printed sometime ago.)

London, September 23.—The proposed establishment of a clearing house at Berlin under British control, which was announced by Charles Knott, president of the British Chamber of Commerce in Germany, has created a sensation in British Industrial and commercial circles. It is said the German government has agreed to place its ministries of communications and of food temporarily under the control of a British official, who will have complete charge of the license department. Goods leaving Germany for England or coming to Germany from England without a license from this official would be confiscated.

This plan is devised to prevent Germany from "dumping" her goods on England while "allowing both countries trading benefits" and "to insure that exports from German ports to England do not exceed imports."

Such concessions on the part of Germany can only be regarded as remarkable. It is significant that the announcement of the plan says that Germany is prepared to take 50 percent of England's manufactured goods, together with raw material. This prospect of placing Germany in a position where she will be forced to buy manufactured goods from England, possibly at the expense of other countries, is held out as an inducement to increase the production of goods for which there is now an assured market.

PLAN LONG STUDIED

A representative of the Intelligence Department of the London Board of Trade told The Tribune's correspondent that the plan has been under consideration for some time and that a new department of the Board of Trade will soon open offices here to handle matters relating to the control of Germany's exports and imports.

It will be seen that, while the British press has been complaining of the presence of American drummers in Berlin, England in the meantime has been laying plans to regulate trade with Germany for herself. The gist of the scheme lies in forcing Germany to buy British goods. The proposal sounds the official deathknell of the sentimental propaganda against trading with Germany, which was dying a natural death anyway.

Mr. Knott, in the course of his announcement, says:

"It is foolish to maintain that we should never trade with Germany. England produces certain goods to perfection and Germany produces others which it is to England's advantage to take in exchange. Germany has always been England's best customer and she is bound to become so again."

MILITARY SPIRIT CRUSHED

To promote the feeling that the time has now come for England to lay aside wartime rancor for the sake of her commercial welfare Mr. Knott declares that the German military spirit is completely crushed and that "the German people are not in need of war from any point of view. The military clique has not the slightest chance of recovering its old position."

Just how closely England intends to apply pressure to Germany is shown by this statement:

Offers are to be made to some central British organisation by German manufacturers through the Berlin clearing house and only such offers as are reported followed by purchases by British merchants will be allowed to leave the country. Therefore, the supply will only meet the demand and the British controlled clearing house will provide that England's exports do not exceed her imports."

Probably the central British organisation referred to will be embodied in the new department of the Board of Trade to be established in London. It is predicted that the "trading with the enemy" board will soon be dispensed with.

SITUATION DESPERATE

British financial authorities regard the scheme as interesting, in the light it throws upon the desperateness of Germany's industrial situation, as discovered by British investigators in Berlin.

"Any number of big factories throughout Germany will be glad to start their work on these terms just to keep the laborers occupied," Mr. Knott said.

British manufacturers are jubilant over the turn events have taken. The proposal means to them not only "protection," but an assured market for many articles of commerce that otherwise they might not be able to place, owing to American competition.

The arrangement will keep Germany completely at Great Britain's mercy, as far as the trade between the countries is concerned. As Germany cannot get badly needed raw materials without taking an equal amount of manufactured goods in return, and because the trade between Great Britain and Germany will be equalised, as long as it is to the former's advantage the rate of exchange will not figure in the question. It will be possible to arrange an arbitrary exchange rate, which will make it desirable for Germany to buy goods in England.

LLOYD GEORGE'S ADVICE

Apparently this scheme is the one Premier Lloyd George had in mind last week when he urged the English toy manufacturers not to worry about a German commercial invasion although the reason he gave then was that Germany was too short of raw materials to become much of a competitor.

Since the present plan clearly amounts to the establishment of an arbitrary balance of trade between Great Britain and Germany, it is interesting to remember that in 1913 Great Britain imported from Germany goods valued at nearly $500,000,000 and exported to Germany goods worth only about $250,000,000.

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SPECIAL PROGRAMME
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"INTOLERANCE"

Olympic Theatre

TONIGHT
November 12th
"Madame Butterfly"

Usual Time: 9.15 p.m.

Booking at MOUTRIE'S.
Under the Direction of A. STROK

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A performance by the well-known
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Tonight, November 12th, at 9 p.m. sharp

Actresses:
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Actors:
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Operette in four parts

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NEW FROCKING STAGING REPERTOIRE

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"ANN"

A Sparkling Comedy in Three Acts.

BY

Leschmere Worrall

Tonight, 12th November, 1919
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The Booking for the above two performances is now open at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., Nanking Road.

By Order
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The Russian Grand Opera Company

AT THE

OLYMPIC THEATRE

PERSONAL REPRESENTATION
L. FEODARAFF

Thursday, November 13th: (In Aid of the Russian Red Cross)
"THE CZAR'S BRIDE"

Direction,
A. STROK

26308

The Russian Grand Opera Company

AT THE

OLYMPIC THEATRE

PERSONAL REPRESENTATION
L. FEODARAFF

LAST SIX PERFORMANCES

Tonight, November 12th: (By Special Request)
"MADAME BUTTERFLY"

Thursday, November 13th: (In Aid of the Russian Red Cross)
"THE CZAR'S BRIDE"

Friday, November 14th:
"GIOCORDA"

Saturday, November 15th:
"TROVTORE"

Sunday (Matinee) November 16th:
"ROMEO AND JULIET"

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